

QUALITY
PERFORMANCE
DEPENDABILITY



Component Excellence



Message to our Stockholders

We entered 2021 with optimism for continued growth across our business. Despite supply chain disruptions, labor shortages and higher production costs throughout the year, our sales and operations team members were able to deliver record sales for 2021 with overall growth of 23% and record earnings per share of \$1.34 for the year. Sustained demand in the recreational boat markets helped CompX Marine achieve year over year sales growth of 34% to \$35.7 million. CompX Security Products experienced strong demand in the postal and transportation markets, as well as steadily improving demand in the distribution and the office furniture markets. Ongoing supply chain disruptions and tight labor markets have contributed to record backlog levels. Our costs were higher including increased production costs caused by higher raw material prices, rising labor costs and higher shipping costs. We implemented price increases and surcharges as necessary to offset higher production costs. As a result, we

increased operating income margin to 20.6% in CompX Security Products and improved operating income margin to 15.7% in CompX Marine.

We take great pride in the resiliency and creativity we have developed as an organization navigating recent challenges while maintaining high customer service levels and delivering world-class and innovative products to our expanding markets. We are making capital investments designed to increase capacity and improve our production capabilities, which included \$4.1 million in capital spending during 2021. Our growth in sales required higher levels of working capital to maintain our business, but we still had strong cash flows provided by operating activities of \$10.5 million in 2021.

Our strong sales performance in 2021 is directly related to our attention to innovation, diversification, new product development and strong customer relationships that drive success. Over the

last few years, CompX Security Products has introduced new mechanical and electronic lock solutions to grow sales in a number of markets, most notably healthcare, and we are actively working to identify and develop new products that will continue to help grow our business and benefit our customers. CompX Marine continues to innovate, grow and diversify its component solutions for a wide range of boating, including ski and towboats, center-console recreational craft, performance

and fishing boats. We plan to spend a record \$6.7 million on capital projects in the upcoming year which will increase our capacity to serve our growing customer base and product portfolio.

As we begin 2022, we see many positive signs for our business including a continuation of the strong demand for our products at both of our segments. We work to meet and exceed the expectations of our customers by providing design advantages that promote flexibility, customization, durability, added features, ease of installation and premium aesthetics. This year we expect to see continued raw material pricing pressures, tight labor markets and logistical challenges. Our sales and operations teams have proven adept at managing through current market conditions and will work in tandem to maintain targeted operating margins in 2022. Reflecting our strong financial position and optimism for our business, we announced an increase in our quarterly dividend in March 2022, and we continue to have financial resources to take advantage of strategic market opportunities when they arise. In partnership with our employees, we have maintained a safe working environment at each of our manufacturing facilities. We are focused on many exciting opportunities ahead, and we believe we have the leadership, talent and infrastructure to continue to drive future profitability and growth of our business for the benefit of our stockholders.



scott C. James
President and Chief Executive Officer

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021

OR

 $\hfill\Box$ Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ____ to ____

Commission file number 1-13905

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 57-0981653 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700
Dallas, Texas 75240-2620
(Address of principal executive offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (972) 448-1400

Trading

Securities	registered	pursuant to	Section	12(b)	of the	Act
Securines	registered	pursuant to	Section	14(0	or the	Act

Title of each class	š	Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered	
Class A common sto	ock	CIX	NYSE American	
	No sec	urities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the	e Act.	
Indicate by check mark:				
If the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issue	er, as defined in Rule 405 o	f the Securities Act. Yes □ No ⊠		
If the Registrant is not required to file reports p	ursuant to Section 13 or Se	ction 15(d) of the Act. Yes □ No ⊠		
Whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No.		on 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 19	934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to s	uch filing
Whether the registrant has submitted electronic period that the registration was required to subm		1 1	5 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for suc	h shorter
		on-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, o owth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large ac	celerated
Large accelerated filer			Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company	
Emerging growth company				
If an emerging growth company, indicate by cl provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Excha		has elected not to use the extended transition period	od for complying with any new or revised financial accounting	standards
Whether the registrant has filed a report on and	d attestation to its manager	nent's assessment of the effectiveness of its interna	al control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the	Sarbanes.

Whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. \Box

Whether the Registrant is a shell Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \boxtimes$

The aggregate market value of the 1.6 million shares of voting stock held by nonaffiliates of CompX International Inc. as of June 30, 2021 (the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) approximated \$34.1 million.

As of February 22, 2022, registrant had 12,380,657 shares of Class A common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding.

Documents incorporated by reference

The information required by Part III is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this report.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

CompX International Inc. (NYSE American: CIX), incorporated in Delaware in 1993, is a leading manufacturer of security products used in the recreational transportation, postal, office and institutional furniture, cabinetry, tool storage, healthcare and a variety of other industries. We are also a leading manufacturer of stainless steel exhaust systems, gauges, throttle controls, wake enhancement systems and trim tabs for the recreational marine industry. Our products are principally designed for use in medium to high-end product applications where design, quality and durability are valued by our customers.

At December 31, 2021, NL Industries, Inc. (NYSE: NL) owns approximately 87% of our outstanding common stock, Valhi, Inc. (NYSE: VHI) owns approximately 83% of NL's outstanding common stock and a subsidiary of Contran Corporation owns approximately 92% of Valhi's outstanding common stock. As discussed in Note 1 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, a majority of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held directly by Lisa K. Simmons and various family trusts established for the benefit of Ms. Simmons, Thomas C. Connelly (the husband of Ms. Simmons' late sister) and their children and for which Ms. Simmons or Mr. Connelly, as applicable, serve as trustee (collectively, the "Other Trusts"). With respect to the Other Trusts for which Mr. Connelly serves as trustee, he is required to vote the shares of Contran voting stock held in such trusts in the same manner as Ms. Simmons. Such voting rights of Ms. Simmons last through April 22, 2030 and are personal to Ms. Simmons. The remainder of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held by another trust (the "Family Trust"), which was established for the benefit of Ms. Simmons and her late sister and their children and for which a third-party financial institution serves as trustee. Consequently, at December 31, 2021, Ms. Simmons and the Family Trust may be deemed to control Contran, and therefore may be deemed to indirectly control the wholly-owned subsidiary of Contran, Valhi, NL and us.

Our corporate offices are located at Three Lincoln Centre, 5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700, Dallas, Texas 75240. Our telephone number is (972) 448-1400. We maintain a website at www.compxinternational.com.

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this report to "we," "us," or "our" refer to CompX International Inc. and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Statements in this Annual Report that are not historical facts are forward-looking in nature and represent management's beliefs and assumptions based on currently available information. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "believes," "intends," "may," "should," "could," "anticipates," "expects" or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategies or trends. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we do not know if these expectations will be correct. Such statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could significantly impact expected results. Actual future results could differ materially from those predicted. The factors that could cause actual future results to differ materially from those described herein are the risks and uncertainties discussed in this Annual Report and those described from time to time in our other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Future demand for our products,
- Changes in our raw material and other operating costs (such as zinc, brass, aluminum, steel and energy costs) and our ability to pass those costs on to our customers or offset them with reductions in other operating costs,
- Price and product competition from low-cost manufacturing sources (such as China),
- The impact of pricing and production decisions,
- Customer and competitor strategies including substitute products,
- Uncertainties associated with the development of new products and product features,

- Future litigation,
- Our ability to protect or defend our intellectual property rights,
- Potential difficulties in integrating future acquisitions,
- Decisions to sell operating assets other than in the ordinary course of business,
- Environmental matters (such as those requiring emission and discharge standards for existing and new facilities),
- The ultimate outcome of income tax audits, tax settlement initiatives or other tax matters, including future tax reform.
- The impact of current or future government regulations (including employee healthcare benefit related regulations),
- General global economic and political conditions that disrupt or introduce instability into our supply chain, impact our customers' level of demand or our customers' perception regarding demand or impair our ability to operate our facilities (including changes in the level of gross domestic product in various regions of the world, natural disasters, terrorist acts, global conflicts and public health crises such as COVID-19),
- Operating interruptions (including, but not limited to labor disputes, hazardous chemical leaks, natural disasters, fires, explosions, unscheduled or unplanned downtime, transportation interruptions, cyber-attacks and public health crises such as COVID-19); and
- Possible disruption of our business or increases in the cost of doing business resulting from terrorist activities or global conflicts.

Should one or more of these risks materialize or if the consequences worsen, or if the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results could differ materially from those currently forecasted or expected. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement whether as a result of changes in information, future events or otherwise.

Industry Overview

We manufacture engineered components utilized in a variety of applications and industries. We manufacture mechanical and electrical cabinet locks and other locking mechanisms used in recreational transportation, postal, office and institutional furniture, cabinetry, tool storage and healthcare applications. We also manufacture stainless steel exhaust systems, gauges, throttle controls, wake enhancement systems, trim tabs and related hardware and accessories for the recreational marine and other industries. We continuously seek to diversify into new markets and identify new applications and features for our products, which we believe provide a greater potential for higher rates of earnings growth as well as diversification of risk. See also Item 7 – "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Business Segments

We have two operating business segments – Security Products and Marine Components. For additional information regarding our segments, see "Part II – Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Manufacturing, Operations and Products

Security Products. Our Security Products segment manufactures mechanical and electrical cabinet locks and other locking mechanisms used in a variety of applications including ignition systems, mailboxes, file cabinets, desk drawers, tool storage cabinets, high security medical cabinetry, integrated inventory and access control secured narcotics boxes, electronic circuit panels, storage compartments, gas station security, vending and cash containment machines. Our Security Products segment has one manufacturing facility in Mauldin, South Carolina and one in Grayslake, Illinois which is shared with Marine Components. We believe we are a North American market leader in the manufacture and sale of cabinet locks and other locking mechanisms. These products include:

• disc tumbler locks which provide moderate security and generally represent the lowest cost lock we produce;

- pin tumbler locking mechanisms which are more costly to produce and are used in applications requiring higher levels of security, including *KeSet*® and *System 64*® (which each allow the user to change the keying on a single lock 64 times without removing the lock from its enclosure), *TuBar*® and *Turbine* TM; and
- our innovative CompX eLock® and StealthLock® electronic locks which provide stand-alone or networked security and audit trail capability for drug storage and other valuables through the use of a proximity card, magnetic stripe, radio frequency or other keypad credential.

A substantial portion of our Security Products' sales consist of products with specialized adaptations to an individual customer's specifications, some of which are listed above. We also have a standardized product line suitable for many customers, which is offered through a North American distribution network to locksmith and smaller original equipment manufacturer distributors via our *STOCK LOCKS*® distribution program.

Marine Components. Our Marine Components segment manufactures and distributes stainless steel exhaust components, gauges, throttle controls, wake enhancement systems, trim tabs and related hardware and accessories primarily for performance and ski/wakeboard boats. Our Marine Components segment has a facility in Neenah, Wisconsin and a facility in Grayslake, Illinois which is shared with Security Products. Our specialty Marine Component products are high precision components designed to operate within tight tolerances in the highly demanding marine environment. These products include:

- original equipment and aftermarket stainless steel exhaust headers, exhaust pipes, mufflers and other exhaust components;
- high performance gauges such as GPS speedometers and tachometers;
- mechanical and electronic controls and throttles;
- wake enhancement devices, trim tabs, steering wheels, and billet aluminum accessories;
- · dash panels, LED indicators, and wire harnesses; and
- grab handles, pin cleats and other accessories.

For information regarding our three principal manufacturing facilities, see "Item 2 – Properties."

Raw Materials

Our primary raw materials are:

- Security Products zinc and brass (for the manufacture of locking mechanisms).
- Marine Components stainless steel (for the manufacture of exhaust headers and pipes and wake enhancement systems), aluminum (for the manufacture of throttles and trim tabs) and other components.

These raw materials are purchased from several suppliers, are readily available from numerous sources and accounted for approximately 16% of our total cost of sales for 2021. Total material costs, including purchased components, represented approximately 44% of our cost of sales in 2021.

We occasionally enter into short-term commodity-related raw material supply arrangements to mitigate the impact of future price increases in commodity-related raw materials, including zinc, brass and stainless steel. These arrangements generally provide for stated unit prices based upon specified purchase volumes, which help us to stabilize our commodity-related raw material costs to a certain extent. At other times we may make spot market buys of larger quantities of raw materials to take advantage of favorable pricing or volume-based discounts. Prices for the primary commodity-related raw materials used in the manufacture of our locking mechanisms, primarily zinc and brass, remained relatively stable during 2020 but generally increased throughout 2021. The prices for stainless steel, the primary raw material used for the manufacture of marine exhaust headers and pipes and wake enhancement systems, remained relatively stable in 2020 but experienced significant volatility during 2021. Based on current economic conditions, we expect the prices for zinc, brass and stainless steel, and other manufacturing materials to be volatile during 2022. When purchased on the spot market, each of these raw materials may be subject to sudden and unanticipated price increases. When possible,

we seek to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in these raw material costs on our margins through improvements in production efficiencies or other operating cost reductions. In the event we are unable to offset raw material cost increases with other cost reductions, it may be difficult to recover those cost increases through increased product selling prices or raw material surcharges due to the competitive nature of the markets served by our products. Consequently, overall operating margins can be affected by commodity-related raw material cost pressures. Commodity market prices are cyclical, reflecting overall economic trends, specific developments in consuming industries and speculative investor activities.

Patents and Trademarks

We hold a number of patents relating to our component products, certain of which we believe to be important to us and our continuing business activity. Patents generally have a term of 20 years, and our patents have remaining terms ranging from 1 year to 18 years at December 31, 2021.

Our major trademarks and brand names in addition to $CompX^{\mathbb{R}}$ include:

Security Products	Security Products	Marine Components
CompX [®] Security Products™	<i>Lockview</i> ®	CompX Marine®
National Cabinet Lock®	System 64®	Custom Marine®
Fort $Lock^{ ext{ ext{@}}}$	$SlamCAM^{ ext{ iny R}}$	Livorsi [®] Marine
$Timberline^{ ext{ iny }}Lock$	$RegulatoR^{ ext{ ext{$\$}}}$	Livorsi II [®] Marine
Chicago Lock®	$CompXpress^{ ext{ ext{$\mathbb{R}}}}$	CMI Industrial®
STOCK LOCKS®	$GEM^{^{\circledR}}$	Custom Marine® Stainless Exhaust
KeSet®	$Turbine^{TM}$	The #1 Choice in Performance Boating®
$TuBar^{ ext{ ext{$\mathbb{R}}}}$	$NARC~iD^{ ext{ ext{@}}}$	Mega Rim [®]
$StealthLock^{ ext{ iny B}}$	$NARC^{^{\circledR}}$	Race Rim®
$ACE^{ ext{ ext{ iny R}}}$	$ecoForce^{ ext{ iny R}}$	Vantage View®
$ACE^{\mathbb{R}}II$		$GEN ext{-}X^{ ext{ ext{$\mathbb{R}}}}$
$CompX$ $eLock^{ ext{ iny R}}$		

Sales, Marketing and Distribution

A majority of our component sales are direct to large OEM customers through our factory-based sales and marketing professionals supported by engineers working in concert with field salespeople and independent manufacturer's representatives. We select manufacturer's representatives based on special skills in certain markets or relationships with current or potential customers.

In addition to sales to large OEM customers, a substantial portion of our Security Products sales are made through distributors. We have a significant North American market share of cabinet lock security product sales as a result of the locksmith distribution channel. We support our locksmith distributor sales with a line of standardized products used by the largest segments of the marketplace. These products are packaged and merchandised for easy availability and handling by distributors and end users.

We sell to a diverse customer base with only one customer representing 10% or more of our sales in 2021 (United States Postal Service representing 16%). Our largest ten customers accounted for approximately 51% of our sales in 2021.

Competition

The markets in which we participate are highly competitive. We compete primarily on the basis of product design, including space utilization and aesthetic factors, product quality and durability, price, on-time delivery, service and technical support. We focus our efforts on the middle and high-end segments of the market, where product design, quality, durability and service are valued by the customer. Our Security Products segment competes against a number of domestic and foreign manufacturers. Our Marine Components segment competes with small domestic manufacturers and is minimally affected by foreign competitors.

Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG")

We seek to operate our business in line with sound ESG principles that include corporate governance, social responsibility, sustainability and cybersecurity. We believe ESG means conducting operations with high standards of environmental and social responsibility, practicing exemplary ethical standards, focusing on safety as a top priority, respecting and supporting our local communities, and continuously developing our employees. At our facilities, we undertake various environmental sustainability programs, and we promote social responsibility and volunteerism through programs designed to support and give back to the local communities in which we operate. Each of our locations maintains site-specific safety programs and disaster response and business continuity plans. All manufacturing facilities have detailed, site-specific emergency response procedures that we believe adequately address regulatory compliance, vulnerability to potential hazards, emergency response and action plans, employee training, alarms and warning systems and crisis communication.

At a corporate level, we engage in periodic reviews of our cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity risk and threats. Our cybersecurity programs are built on operations and compliance foundations. Operations focus on continuous detection, prevention, measurement, analysis, and response to cybersecurity alerts and incidents and on emerging threats. Compliance establishes oversight of our cybersecurity programs by creating risk-based controls to protect the integrity, confidentiality, accessibility, and availability of company data stored, processed, or transferred. We periodically update our board of directors on our cyber-related risks and cybersecurity programs.

In an effort to align our non-employee directors' financial interests with those of our stockholders, our Board established share ownership guidelines for our non-management directors.

Regulatory and Environmental Matters

We have a history of incorporating environmental management and compliance in our operations and decision making. We operate three low-emission manufacturing facilities and our production processes requiring waste-water discharge are consolidated at our Mauldin, South Carolina facility. This facility has received a ReWa Gold Award multiple years for its exemplary performance from Renewable Water Resources, an organization which sets regulatory and water policies for the Mauldin facility's geographic region. In addition, we operate extensive scrap metal recycling programs to reduce landfill waste.

Our operations are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the use, storage, handling, generation, transportation, treatment, emission, discharge, disposal, remediation of and exposure to hazardous and non-hazardous substances, materials and wastes. Our operations also are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to worker health and safety. We believe we are in substantial compliance with all such laws and regulations. To date, the costs of maintaining compliance with such laws and regulations have not significantly impacted our results. We currently do not anticipate any significant costs or expenses relating to such matters; however, it is possible future laws and regulations may require us to incur significant additional expenditures.

Human Capital Resources

Employees — Our operating results depend in part on our ability to successfully manage our human capital resources, including attracting, identifying, and retaining key talent. We have a well-trained labor force with a substantial number of long-tenured employees. We provide competitive compensation and benefits to our employees. In addition to salaries, these programs can include annual bonuses, defined contribution plans with employer matching opportunities, healthcare and insurance benefits, health savings and flexible spending accounts, paid time off, family leave, family care resources, employee assistance programs, and tuition assistance.

As of December 31, 2021, we employed 570 people, all in the United States. We believe our labor relations are good.

Health and Safety – Protecting the health and safety of our workforce, our customers, our business partners and the natural environment is one of our core values. We are committed to maintaining a strong safety culture where all workers meet or exceed required industry performance standards and continuously seek to improve occupational and process safety performance. We are conducting our business in ways that provide all personnel with a safe and healthy work environment and have established safety and environmental programs and goals to achieve such results. We expect

our manufacturing facilities to produce our products safely and in compliance with local regulations, policies, standards and practices intended to protect the environment and people, and we have established policies designed to promote such compliance. We require our employees to comply with such requirements. We provide our workers with the tools and training necessary to make the appropriate decisions to prevent accidents and injuries. Each of our operating facilities develops, maintains, and implements safety programs encompassing key aspects of their operations. In addition, management reviews and evaluates safety performance throughout the year. We monitor conditions that could lead to a safety incident and keep track of injuries through reporting systems in accordance with laws in the jurisdictions in which we operate. We track this data to assess the quality of our safety performance. We use a Lost Time Incident Rate as a key measure of worker safety. The Lost Time Incident Rate is a standard Occupational Safety and Health Administration metric that calculates the number of incidents that result in time away from work. We had a Lost Time Incident Rate of three in 2019, nil in 2020, and one in 2021.

Diversity and Inclusion – We recognize that everyone deserves respect and equal treatment. We embrace diversity and collaboration in our workforce and our business initiatives. We are an equal opportunity employer and we base employment decisions on merit, competence and qualifications, without regard to race, color, national origin, gender, age, religion, disability, sex, sexual orientation or other characteristics protected by applicable law in the jurisdictions in which we operate. We promote a respectful, diverse and inclusive workplace in which all individuals are treated with respect and dignity.

Website and Available Information

Our fiscal year end is always the Sunday closest to December 31, and our operations are reported on a 52 or 53-week fiscal year. For presentation purposes, annual information in this Form 10-K is presented as ended on December 31. The actual date of our fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021 are December 29, 2019, January 3, 2021, and January 2, 2022, respectively. Our fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 was a 52-week year. We furnish our stockholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements. In addition, we file annual, quarterly and current reports; proxy and information statements and other information with the SEC. We also make our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all related amendments, available free of charge through our website at www.compxinternational.com as soon as reasonably practical after they have been filed with the SEC. We also provide to anyone, without charge, copies of the documents upon written request. Requests should be directed to the attention of the Corporate Secretary at our address on the cover page of this Form 10-K.

Additional information, including our Audit Committee Charter, our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and our Corporate Governance Guidelines, can also be found on our website. Information contained on our website is not a part of this Annual Report.

We are an electronic filer. The SEC maintains an internet website at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers, such as us, that file electronically with the SEC.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Listed below are certain risk factors associated with us and our businesses. In addition to the potential effect of these risk factors discussed below, any risk factor which could result in reduced earnings, operating losses, or reduced liquidity, could in turn adversely affect our ability to service our liabilities or pay dividends on our common stock or adversely affect the quoted market prices for our securities.

Operational Risk Factors

We operate in mature and highly competitive markets, resulting in pricing pressure and the need to continuously reduce costs.

Many of the markets we serve are highly competitive, with a number of competitors offering similar products. We focus our efforts on the middle and high-end segment of the market where we feel that we can compete due to the importance of product design, quality and durability to the customer. However, our ability to effectively compete is impacted by a number of factors. The occurrence of any of these factors could result in reduced earnings or operating losses.

- Competitors may be able to drive down prices for our products beyond our ability to adjust costs because their costs are lower than ours, especially products sourced from Asia.
- Competitors' financial, technological and other resources may be greater than our resources, which may enable them to more effectively withstand changes in market conditions.
- Competitors may be able to respond more quickly than we can to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements.
- A reduction of our market share with one or more of our key customers, or a reduction in one or more of our key customers' market share for their end-use products, may reduce demand for our products.
- New competitors could emerge by modifying their existing production facilities to manufacture products that compete with our products.
- We may not be able to sustain a cost structure that enables us to be competitive.
- Customers may no longer value our product design, quality or durability over the lower cost products of our competitors.

Our development of innovative features for current products is critical to sustaining and growing our sales.

Historically, our ability to provide value-added custom engineered products that address requirements of technology and space utilization has been a key element of our success. We spend a significant amount of time and effort to refine, improve and adapt our existing products for new customers and applications. Since expenditures for these types of activities are not considered research and development expense under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), the amount of our research and development expenditures, which is not significant, is not indicative of the overall effort involved in the development of new product features. The introduction of new product features requires the coordination of the design, manufacturing and marketing of the new product features with current and potential customers. The ability to coordinate these activities with current and potential customers may be affected by factors beyond our control. While we will continue to emphasize the introduction of innovative new product features that target customer-specific opportunities, we do not know if any new product features we introduce will achieve the same degree of success that we have achieved with our existing products. Introduction of new product features typically requires us to increase production volume on a timely basis while maintaining product quality. Manufacturers often encounter difficulties in increasing production volumes, including delays, quality control problems and shortages of qualified personnel or raw materials. As we attempt to introduce new product features in the future, we do not know if we will be able to increase production volumes without encountering these or other problems, which might negatively impact our financial condition or results of operations.

Higher costs or limited availability of our raw materials could negatively impact our financial results.

Certain raw materials used in our products are commodities that are subject to significant fluctuations in price in response to world-wide supply and demand as well as speculative investor activity. Zinc and brass are the principal raw materials used in the manufacture of security products. Stainless steel and aluminum are the major raw materials used in the manufacture of marine components. These raw materials are purchased from several suppliers and are generally readily available from numerous sources. We occasionally enter into short-term raw material supply arrangements to mitigate the impact of future increases in commodity-related raw material costs and ensure supply. Materials purchased outside of these arrangements are sometimes subject to unanticipated and sudden price increases.

Certain components used in our products are manufactured by foreign suppliers located in China and elsewhere. Global economic and political conditions, including natural disasters, terrorist acts, global conflicts and public health crises such as pandemics, could prevent our vendors from being able to supply these components. Should our vendors not be able to meet their supply obligations or should we be otherwise unable to obtain necessary raw materials or components, we may incur higher supply costs or may be required to reduce production levels, either of which may decrease our liquidity or negatively impact our financial condition or results of operations as we may be unable to offset the higher costs with increases in our selling prices or reductions in other operating costs.

COVID-19 has affected our operations and may continue to affect our operations during 2022.

Our operations have been and may continue to be negatively impacted by COVID-19, specifically from disruptions to our supply chain, transportation networks and customers, which may compress our margins, including as a result of preventative and precautionary measures that we, other businesses and governments are taking. In addition, the ability of our suppliers and customers to operate may be significantly impacted by individuals contracting or being exposed to COVID-19 or as a result of associated control measures. Given the dynamic and uncertain nature and duration of COVID-19 and related variants, and the effectiveness of actions globally to contain or mitigate its effects, we cannot reasonably estimate the long-term impact of COVID-19 on our business, results of operations and overall financial performance.

We have 570 employees and operate three facilities, each of which specializes in certain manufacturing processes and is therefore dependent upon the other facilities to some extent to manufacture finished goods. With the onset of COVID-19, within each facility we enhanced cleaning and sanitization procedures, and implemented other health and safety protocols. We have generally been able to successfully operate through the pandemic; however, with the increase spread of new variants of COVID-19, it is possible we may have temporary closures at one or more of our facilities for the health and safety of our workforce if conditions warrant.

Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risk Factors

Failure to protect our intellectual property rights or claims by others that we infringe their intellectual property rights could substantially harm our business.

We rely on patent, trademark and trade secret laws in the United States and similar laws in other countries to establish and maintain our intellectual property rights in our technology and designs. Despite these measures, any of our intellectual property rights could be challenged, invalidated, circumvented or misappropriated. Others may independently discover our trade secrets and proprietary information, and in such cases we could not assert any trade secret rights against such parties. Further, we do not know if any of our pending trademark or patent applications will be approved. Costly and time-consuming litigation could be necessary to enforce and determine the scope of our intellectual property rights. In addition, the laws of certain countries do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States. Therefore, in certain jurisdictions, we may be unable to protect our technology and designs adequately against unauthorized third party use, which could adversely affect our competitive position.

Third parties may claim that we or our customers are infringing upon their intellectual property rights. Even if we believe that such claims are without merit, they can be time-consuming and costly to defend and distract our management's and technical staff's attention and resources. Claims of intellectual property infringement might also require us to redesign affected technology, enter into costly settlement or license agreements or pay costly damage awards, or face a temporary or permanent injunction prohibiting us from marketing or selling certain of our technology. If we cannot or do not license the infringed technology on reasonable pricing terms or at all, or substitute similar technology from another source, our business could be adversely impacted.

Climate change legislation could negatively impact our financial results or limit our ability to operate our businesses.

All of our production facilities are located in the United States and each requires energy, including electricity and natural gas in order to conduct operations. The U.S. government has determined that the consumption of energy derived from fossil fuels is a major contributor to climate change and is contemplating regulatory changes in response to the potential impact of climate change, including legislation regarding carbon emission costs, Green House Gas ("GHG") emissions and renewable energy targets. To date, legislation and regulatory actions related to climate change have not had a material adverse effect on our financial results. Until the timing, scope and extent of any future regulation becomes known, we cannot predict the effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition. However, if new legislation or regulatory actions related to climate change were to be enacted or implemented, it could negatively impact our future results from operations through increased costs of production, particularly as it relates to our energy requirements. If such increased costs of production were to materialize, we may be unable to pass price increases on to our customers to compensate for increased production costs, which may decrease our liquidity, operating income and results of operations. In addition, any adopted future climate change regulations could negatively impact our ability (or that of our customers and suppliers) to compete with companies situated in areas not subject to such limitations.

General Risk Factors

Technology failures or cybersecurity breaches could have a material adverse effect on our operations.

We rely on information technology systems to manage, process and analyze data, as well as to facilitate the manufacture and distribution of our products to and from our plants. We receive, process and ship orders, manage the billing of and collections from our customers, and manage the accounting for and payment to our vendors. Although we have systems and procedures in place to protect our information technology systems, there can be no assurance that such systems and procedures will be sufficiently effective. Therefore, any of our information technology systems may be susceptible to outages, disruptions, or destruction from power outages, telecommunications failures, employee error, cybersecurity breaches or attacks, and other similar events. This could result in a disruption of our business operations, injury to people, harm to the environment or our assets, and/or the inability to access our information technology systems and could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We have in the past experienced, and we expect to continue to experience, cyber-attacks, including phishing, and other attempts to breach, or gain unauthorized access to our systems. To date we have not suffered breaches in our systems, either directly or through a trusted third-party vendor, which have led to material losses. Due to the increase in global cybersecurity incidents it has become increasingly difficult to obtain insurance coverage on reasonable pricing terms to mitigate some risks associated with technology failures or cybersecurity breaches, and we are experiencing such difficulties in obtaining insurance coverage.

Physical impacts of climate change could have a material adverse effect on our costs and operations.

Climate change may increase both the frequency and severity of extreme weather conditions and natural disasters such as hurricanes, thunderstorms, tornadoes, drought and snow or ice storms. Extreme weather conditions may increase our costs or cause damage to our facilities, and any damage resulting from extreme weather may not be fully insured. Furthermore, periods of extended inclement weather may inhibit our facility operations and delay or hinder shipments of our products to customers. Any such events could have a material adverse effect on our costs or results of operations.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our principal executive offices are located in leased space at 5430 LBJ Freeway, Dallas, Texas 75240. The following table sets forth the location, size and business operating segment for each of our principal operating facilities.

	Business		Size
Facility Name	Segment	Location	(square feet)
Owned Facilities:			
National (1)	SP	Mauldin, SC	198,000
Grayslake ⁽¹⁾	SP/MC	Grayslake, IL	133,000
Custom ⁽¹⁾	MC	Neenah, WI	95,000

SP – Security Products business segment MC – Marine Components business segment

We believe all of our facilities are well maintained and satisfactory for their intended purposes.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved, from time to time, in various environmental, contractual, product liability, patent (or intellectual property), employment and other claims and disputes incidental to our business. See Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. We currently believe the disposition of all claims and disputes, individually or in the aggregate, should not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

⁽¹⁾ ISO-9001 registered facilities

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Common Stock and Dividends. Our Class A common stock is listed and traded on the NYSE American (symbol: CIX). As of February 22, 2022, there were approximately 18 holders of record of CompX Class A common stock.

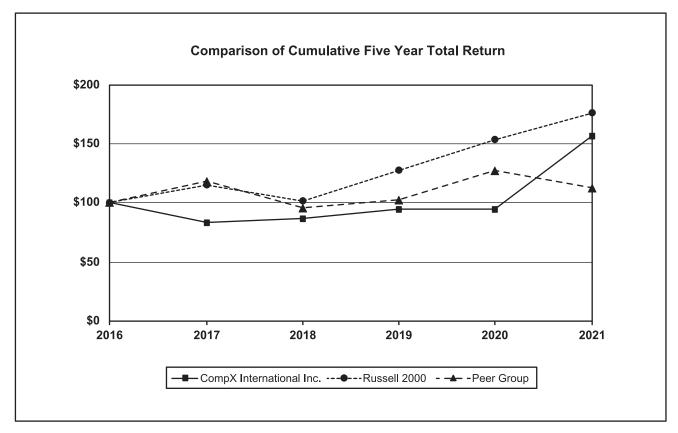
Purchases of Equity Securities. Prior to 2019, our board of directors authorized various repurchases of our common stock in open market transactions, including block purchases, or in privately-negotiated transactions at unspecified prices and over an unspecified period of time. In 2021 we repurchased 75,000 shares, and we have 602,547 shares available for repurchase under the stock repurchase program at December 31, 2021. See Note 8 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table discloses certain information regarding the shares of our Class A common stock we purchased during the fourth quarter of 2021 (we made no purchases in October or December 2021). All of these purchases were made under the repurchase program in open market transactions.

				Maximum number
			Total number of shares	of shares that may
	Total number		purchased as part	yet be purchased
	of shares	Average price	of the publicly	under the publicly
Period	purchased	paid per share	announced plan	announced plan
November 2021	25,000	\$22.24	25,000	602,547

Performance Graph. Set forth below is a line graph comparing the yearly change in our cumulative total stockholder returns on our Class A common stock against the cumulative total return of the Russell 2000 Index and an index of a self-selected peer group of companies for the period from December 31, 2016 through December 31, 2021. The peer group index is comprised of The Eastern Company and Strattec Security Corporation. The graph shows the value at December 31 of each year assuming an original investment of \$100 at December 31, 2016 and reinvestment of dividends.

	December 31,											
	2	2016	2	2017	2	2018	2	019	2	2020	2	2021
CompX International Inc.	\$	100	\$	84	\$	87	\$	95	\$	95	\$	157
Russell 2000 Index		100		115		102		128		154		176
Peer Group		100		118		96		103		128		113



The information contained in the performance graph shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or "filed" with the SEC, or subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act, except to the extent we specifically request that the material be treated as soliciting material or specifically incorporate this performance graph by reference into a document filed under the Securities Act or the Securities Exchange Act.

Equity compensation plan information. We have a share based incentive compensation plan, approved by our stockholders, pursuant to which an aggregate of 200,000 shares of our Class A common stock can be awarded to non-employee members of our board of directors. At December 31, 2021, 136,450 shares are available for award under this plan. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 6. RESERVED

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Business Overview

We are a leading manufacturer of engineered components utilized in a variety of applications and industries. Through our Security Products segment we manufacture mechanical and electrical cabinet locks and other locking mechanisms used in recreational transportation, postal, office and institutional furniture, cabinetry, tool storage and healthcare applications. We also manufacture stainless steel exhaust systems, gauges, throttle controls, wake enhancement systems, trim tabs and related hardware and accessories for the recreational marine and other industries through our Marine Components segment.

Operating Income Overview

We reported operating income of \$20.5 million in 2021 compared to operating income of \$11.8 million in 2020 and \$17.7 million in 2019. Our operating income was negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020, primarily in the second and third quarters, which significantly impacts operating income comparisons for the comparative periods. Beginning in the third quarter of 2020 and continuing through 2021, our sales volumes generally improved at both our business segments and the increase in operating income in 2021 over 2020 primarily resulted from the higher sales volumes. The decrease in operating income in 2020 over 2019 is primarily due to the decline in net sales and gross margin due to reduced demand resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic during 2020. See results of operations discussion below.

Our product offerings consist of a large number of products that have a wide variation in selling price and manufacturing cost, which results in certain practical limitations on our ability to quantify the impact of changes in individual product sales quantities and selling prices on our net sales, cost of sales and gross margin. In addition, small variations in period-to-period net sales, cost of sales and gross margin can result from changes in the relative mix of our products sold.

Results of Operations - 2021 Compared to 2020 and 2020 Compared to 2019

	Years ended December 31,					31,	% Change		
		2019		2020		2021	2019-20	2020-21	
			(In	millions)					
Net sales	\$	124.2	\$	114.5	\$	140.8	(8)%	23 %	
Cost of sales	_	85.2		81.7		98.1	(4)	20	
Gross margin		39.0		32.8		42.7	(16)	30	
Operating costs and expenses		21.3		21.0	_	22.2	(1)	6	
Operating income	\$	17.7	\$	11.8	\$	20.5	(33)	74	
Percent of net sales:									
Cost of sales		68.6 %	o	71.3 %		69.7 %			
Gross margin		31.4		28.7		30.3			
Operating costs and expenses		17.1		18.4		15.8			
Operating income		14.2		10.3		14.6			

Net Sales. Net sales increased approximately \$26.3 million in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to higher sales at both of our segments, particularly in the second quarter of 2021, as many of our customers were temporarily closed or reduced production during the second quarter of 2020 due to government ordered closures or reduced demand resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. Beginning in the third quarter of 2020 and continuing through 2021, Marine Components sales exceeded pre-pandemic levels. Security Products sales generally improved since third quarter of 2020 but did not recover to pre-pandemic levels until the second quarter of 2021 when sales improved in markets that had been slower to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic, particularly sales to distributors and the office furniture market.

Net sales decreased approximately \$9.7 million in 2020 compared to 2019 primarily due to lower Security Products sales across a variety of markets due to reduced demand resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, offset slightly by higher Marine Component sales to the towboat market.

Cost of Sales and Gross Margin. Cost of sales increased in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to the effects of the higher sales, as well as increased production costs at both Security Products and Marine Components. Gross margin as a percentage of sales increased over the same period due to the increase in the Security Products gross margin percentage partially offset by the decrease in the Marine Components gross margin percentage.

Cost of sales decreased in 2020 compared to 2019 primarily due to the effects of lower sales for Security Products slightly offset by higher Marine Component sales. Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased over the same period primarily as a result of lower gross margin percentage at Security Products.

Operating Costs and Expenses. Operating costs and expenses consist primarily of sales and administrative-related personnel costs, sales commissions and advertising expenses directly related to product sales and administrative costs relating to business unit and corporate management activities, as well as gains and losses on sales of property and equipment. Operating costs and expenses increased in 2021 compared to 2020 predominantly due to higher salary and benefit costs which increased by \$.9 million. As a percentage of sales, operating costs and expenses decreased in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to the effect of higher sales.

Operating costs and expenses in 2020 were comparable to 2019. As a percentage of sales, operating costs and expenses increased in 2020 compared to 2019 due to the effect of lower sales.

Operating Income. As a percentage of net sales, operating income increased in 2021 compared to 2020 and decreased in 2020 compared to 2019. Operating margins were primarily impacted by the factors impacting net sales, cost of sales, gross margin and operating costs discussed above.

General. Our profitability primarily depends on our ability to utilize our production capacity effectively, which is affected by, among other things, the demand for our products and our ability to control our manufacturing costs, primarily comprised of labor costs and materials. The materials used in our products consist of purchased components and raw materials some of which are subject to fluctuations in the commodity markets such as zinc, brass and stainless steel. Total material costs represented approximately 44% of our cost of sales in 2021, with commodity-related raw materials accounting for approximately 16% of our cost of sales. Prices for the primary commodity-related raw materials used in the manufacture of our locking mechanisms, primarily zinc and brass, remained relatively stable during 2020 but generally increased throughout 2021. Prices for stainless steel, the primary raw material used for the manufacture of marine exhaust headers and pipes and wake enhancement systems, remained relatively stable in 2020 but experienced significant volatility during 2021. Based on current economic conditions, we expect prices for our primary commodity-related raw materials and other manufacturing materials to be volatile during 2022.

We occasionally enter into short-term commodity-related raw material supply arrangements to mitigate the impact of future increases in commodity related raw material costs. See Item 1 - "Business- Raw Materials."

Interest Income. Interest income in 2021 decreased compared to 2020 primarily due to lower average loan balances on our loan to an affiliate. Interest income in 2020 decreased compared to 2019 primarily due to lower average loan balances and lower interest rates on our loan to an affiliate as well as lower interest rates on our cash investments. See Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Provision for income taxes. A tabular reconciliation of our actual tax provision to the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 21% is included in Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. As a member of the group of companies consolidated for U.S. federal income tax purposes with Contran, the parent of our consolidated U.S. federal income tax group, we compute our provision for income taxes on a separate company basis, using the tax elections made by Contran.

Our effective income tax rate was 24% in each of 2019, 2020 and 2021. See Notes 7 and 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements. We currently expect our effective income tax rate for 2022 to be comparable to our effective income tax rate for 2021.

Segment Results

The key performance indicator for our segments is the level of their operating income (see discussion below). For additional information regarding our segments refer to Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

	Years ended December 31,			Change			
	 2019	- 2	2020		2021	2019-20	2020-21
	 	(In	millions)	, —			_
Security Products:							
Net sales	\$ 99.3	\$	87.9	\$	105.1	(12)%	20 %
Cost of sales	67.1		62.1		71.5	(7)	15
Gross margin	 32.2		25.8		33.6	(20)	30
Operating costs and expenses	11.2		10.9		12.0	(3)	11
Operating income	\$ 21.0	\$	14.9	\$	21.6	(29)	45
Gross margin	32.5 9	%	29.4 %	6	32.0 %	,	
Operating income margin	21.2		17.0		20.6		

Security Products. Security Products net sales increased 20% to \$105.1 million in 2021 compared to \$87.9 million in 2020 when it experienced reduced demand across a variety of markets due to COVID-19. Relative to prior year, sales were \$7.2 million higher to the government security market, \$4.9 million higher to the transportation market, and \$2.0 million higher to distribution customers. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales for 2021 increased as compared to 2020 due to increased coverage of fixed costs from higher sales, partially offset by higher production costs including increased raw materials costs across a variety of commodities and component inputs, higher shipping costs, and increased labor costs primarily due to higher overtime costs and increased headcount. Operating income margin increased for 2021 compared to 2020 primarily due to increased coverage of operating costs and expenses on higher sales, partially offset by the higher production costs impacting gross margin and increased sales and administrative-related salary and benefit costs of \$.7 million.

Security Products net sales decreased 12% to \$87.9 million in 2020 compared to \$99.3 million in 2019. Certain security products market segments were slower to recover from the negative impact of COVID-19, primarily in the second and third quarters, including transportation which had \$4.4 million lower sales than the 2019, distribution customers which were \$2.5 million lower than 2019, and office furniture which was \$1.8 million lower than the same period in 2019. Gross margin and operating income margin for 2020 declined as compared to 2019 primarily due to lower sales and higher cost inventory produced during the second and third quarters and sold in the last half of the year. Security Products inventory produced during the second and third quarters of 2020 had a higher carrying value compared to prior periods due to higher cost per unit of production as a result of lower production volumes during these quarters of 2020. This negatively impacted our gross margin and operating income margin as this higher cost inventory was sold during the last half of 2020.

Additionally, gross margin and operating income margin were unfavorably impacted by employer paid medical costs, unrelated to the pandemic, which increased \$2.1 million in 2020 compared to 2019.

	 Years ended December 31,				1,	% Change		
	 2019		2020	,	2021	2019-20	2020-21	
	 	(In	millions)) —				
Marine Components:								
Net sales	\$ 24.9	\$	26.6	\$	35.7	7 %	6 34 %	
Cost of sales	18.2		19.6		26.6	8	36	
Gross margin	 6.7		7.0		9.1	5	29	
Operating costs and expenses	3.1		2.9		3.5	(4)	18	
Operating income	\$ 3.6	\$	4.1	\$	5.6	12	37	
Gross margin	27.0 9	%	26.4 %	6	25.4 %			
Operating income margin	14.6		15.3		15.7			

Marine Components. Marine Components net sales increased 34% in 2021 as compared to 2020 primarily due to increased sales of \$7.2 million to several original equipment boat manufactures in the towboat market. Gross margin as a percentage of sales decreased in 2021 compared to 2020 as increased coverage of fixed costs from higher sales were more than offset by higher production costs including raw materials costs (primarily stainless steel), higher shipping costs, and increased labor costs resulting from higher overtime costs and increased headcount. Operating income as a percentage of net sales increased slightly in 2021 compared to 2020 due to increased coverage of operating costs and expenses from higher sales, partially offset by the factors impacting gross margin.

Marine Components net sales increased 7% in 2020 as compared to 2019 primarily due to increased sales of \$2.9 million to the towboat market, primarily wake enhancement systems and surf pipes to an original equipment boat manufacturer, predominantly in the second half of the year. Gross margin as a percentage of sales in 2020 was slightly below 2019 due to higher cost inventory produced during the second quarter and sold in the third quarter of the year, as well as higher depreciation expense resulting from the timing of capital expenditures. Operating income as a percentage of net sales increased in 2020 compared to 2019 principally due to the slight decrease in operating costs and expenses.

Outlook. Beginning in the second half of 2020, our sales began to steadily improve from the historically low levels we experienced during the second quarter of 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Throughout 2021, we experienced strong demand at both our segments. Our manufacturing facilities operated at elevated production rates during 2021 in line with improved demand, although labor markets are tight in each of the regions in which we operate and, as a result, we have experienced and continue to have challenges maintaining staffing levels aligned with current and forecasted demand, particularly at our Marine Components segment.

Based on current market conditions, we expect demand levels to remain strong in 2022 and we expect to report increased net sales and operating income in 2022 compared to 2021. Our supply chains remain intact, although the current global and domestic supply chain disruptions continue to present challenges in sourcing certain raw materials due to increased lead times, availability shortages and transportation and logistics delays. Thus far we have been able to manage through these disruptions with minimal impact on our operations. In addition, we are experiencing increased production costs including higher labor, shipping, and increasing costs of many of the raw materials we use including zinc, brass and stainless steel. In response, we implemented price increases and surcharges; however, the extent to which the price increases and surcharges will mitigate the rising costs is uncertain and we expect increasing production costs will negatively impact gross margins in 2022 as higher cost inventories are sold. Our operations teams meet frequently to ensure we are taking appropriate actions to minimize material or supply related operational disruptions, manage inventory levels, improve operating margins and to maintain a safe working environment for all our employees.

Our expectations for our operations and the markets we serve are based on a number of factors outside our control. As noted above, there are global and domestic supply chain challenges and any future impacts of COVID-19 on our operations will depend on, among other things, any future disruption in our operations or our suppliers' operations, demand for our products and the timing and effectiveness of the global measures deployed to fight COVID-19, all of which remain uncertain and cannot be predicted.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 to our Consolidated Financial Statements. Our Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) which requires us to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions we believe are reasonable based on our historical experience, contract terms, observations of known trends in our company and the industry as a whole and information available from other outside sources. Our estimates affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from initial estimates.

We believe the most critical accounting policies and estimates involving significant judgments and estimates primarily relate to the considerations in the impairment assessments for goodwill and certain long-lived assets. We have discussed the development, selection and disclosure of our critical accounting estimates with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

• Goodwill – Our goodwill totaled \$23.7 million at December 31, 2021, all relating to our Security Products reporting unit, which corresponds to our Security Products operating segment. Goodwill is required to be tested annually or at other times whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more-likely-than-not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. We perform our annual goodwill impairment test in the third quarter of each year, or at other times whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more-likely-than-not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. Such events or circumstances may include: adverse industry or economic trends, lower projections of profitability, or a sustained decline in our market capitalization. These events or circumstances, among other items, may be indications of potential impairment issues which are triggering events requiring the testing of an asset's carrying value for recoverability. An entity may first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to complete a quantitative impairment test using a more-likely-than-not criteria. If an entity believes it is more-likely-than-not the fair value of a reporting unit is greater than its carrying value, including goodwill, the quantitative impairment test can be bypassed. Alternatively, an entity has an unconditional option to bypass the qualitative assessment and proceed directly to performing the two-step quantitative impairment test.

When performing a qualitative assessment, considerable management judgment is necessary to evaluate the qualitative impact of events and circumstances on the fair value of a reporting unit. Events and circumstances considered in our impairment evaluations, such as historical profits and stability of the markets served, are consistent with factors utilized with our internal projections and operating plan. However, future events and circumstances could result in materially different findings which could result in the recognition of a material goodwill impairment.

Evaluations of possible impairment utilizing the quantitative impairment test require us to estimate, among other factors: forecasts of future operating results, revenue growth, operating margin, tax rates, capital expenditures, depreciation, working capital, weighted average cost of capital, long-term growth rates, risk premiums, terminal values, and fair values of our reporting units and assets. The goodwill impairment test is subject to uncertainties arising from such events as changes in competitive conditions, the current general economic environment, material changes in growth rate assumptions that could positively or negatively impact anticipated future operating conditions and cash flows, changes in the discount rate, and the impact of strategic decisions. If any of these factors were to materially change, such change may require revaluation of our goodwill. Changes in estimates or the application of alternative assumptions could produce significantly different results.

In 2021, we used the qualitative assessment for our annual impairment test and determined it was not necessary to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test, as we concluded it is more-likely- than-not the fair value of the Security Products reporting unit exceeded its carrying amount. See Notes 1 and 5 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

• Long-lived assets – The net book value of our property and equipment totaled \$29.2 million at December 31, 2021. We assess property and equipment for impairment only when circumstances indicate an impairment may exist. Our determination is based upon, among other things, our estimates of the amount of future net cash flows to be generated by the long-lived asset (Level 3 inputs) and our estimates of the current fair value of the asset.

Significant judgment is required in estimating such cash flows. Adverse changes in such estimates of future net cash flows or estimates of fair value could result in an inability to recover the carrying value of the long-lived asset, thereby possibly requiring an impairment charge to be recognized in the future. We do not assess our property and equipment for impairment unless certain impairment indicators are present. We did not evaluate any long-lived assets for impairment during 2021 because no such impairment indicators were present.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Summary

Our primary source of liquidity on an on-going basis is our cash flow from operating activities, which is generally used to (i) fund capital expenditures, (ii) repay short-term or long-term indebtedness incurred primarily for capital expenditures, business combinations or buying back shares of our outstanding stock and (iii) provide for the payment of dividends (if declared). From time-to-time, we may incur indebtedness to fund capital expenditures, business combinations or other investment activities. In addition, from time-to-time, we may also sell assets outside the ordinary course of business, the proceeds of which are generally used to repay indebtedness (including indebtedness which may have been collateralized by the assets sold) or to fund capital expenditures or business combinations.

Consolidated cash flows

Operating activities. Trends in cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in assets and liabilities, for the last three years have generally been similar to the trends in our earnings. Depreciation and amortization were comparable in each of 2021, 2020 and 2019. See Note 1 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Changes in assets and liabilities result primarily from the timing of production, sales and purchases. Such changes in assets and liabilities generally tend to even out over time. However, year-to-year relative changes in assets and liabilities can significantly affect the comparability of cash flows from operating activities. Cash provided by operating activities was \$10.5 million in 2021 compared to \$15.5 million in 2020. The \$5.0 million decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily the net result of:

- A higher amount of net cash used by relative changes in inventories, receivables, payables and non-tax accruals of \$11.3 million,
- A \$8.7 million increase in operating income in 2021,
- A \$1.4 million increase in cash paid for taxes in 2021 due to higher operating income, and
- A \$1.0 million decrease in interest received in 2021 due to lower average loan balances on our loan to an affiliate and the relative timing of interest received.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$15.5 million in 2020 compared to \$18.5 million in 2019. The \$3.0 million decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily the net result of:

- A \$5.8 million decrease in operating income in 2020,
- A higher amount of net cash provided by relative changes in inventories, receivables, payables and non-tax accruals of \$2.2 million,
- A \$1.8 million decrease in cash paid for taxes in 2020 due to lower operating income, and
- A \$1.0 million decrease in interest received in 2020 due to lower average interest rates and to a lesser extent lower average loan balances on our loan to an affiliate, partially offset by the relative timing of interest received.

Relative changes in working capital can have a significant effect on cash flows from operating activities. As shown below, our total average days sales outstanding increased from December 31, 2020 to December 31, 2021 primarily

as a result of the timing of sales and collections in the last month of 2021 as compared to 2020. For comparative purposes, we have provided 2019 numbers below.

	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
Days Sales Outstanding:	2019	2020	2021
Security Products	38 Days	35 Days	46 Days
Marine Components	27 Days	24 Days	30 Days
Consolidated CompX	36 Days	33 Days	42 Days

As shown below, our average number of days in inventory increased from December 31, 2020 to December 31, 2021 due to increased raw material and production costs as well as increased purchases of certain components and raw materials that have longer lead times or for which we have experienced availability issues. For comparative purposes, we have provided 2019 numbers below.

	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
Days in Inventory:	2019	2020	2021
Security Products	76 Days	75 Days	95 Days
Marine Components	100 Days	75 Days	97 Days
Consolidated CompX	81 Days	75 Days	96 Days

Investing activities. Capital expenditures have primarily emphasized improving our manufacturing facilities and investing in manufacturing equipment, utilizing new technologies and increased automation of the manufacturing process, to provide for increased productivity and efficiency in order to meet expected customer demand and properly maintain our facilities and technology infrastructure. Capital expenditures were \$3.2 million in 2019, \$1.7 million in 2020 and \$4.1 million in 2021. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, we limited 2020 expenditures to those required to meet our expected customer demand and those required to properly maintain our facilities and technology infrastructure. Our 2021 capital expenditures increased above pre-pandemic levels as we accelerated the timeline for certain projects designed to increase capacity and improve our capabilities in response to strong customer demand. See Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

We expect our capital expenditures for 2022 will be approximately \$6.7 million primarily to increase our capacity and address our capability needs as well as maintain and improve the cost-effectiveness of our facilities, equipment and technology infrastructure. Capital spending for 2022 is expected to be funded through cash on hand and cash generated from operations.

We have entered into an unsecured revolving demand promissory note with Valhi under which, as amended, we have agreed to loan Valhi up to \$30 million. Our loan to Valhi, as amended, bears interest at prime rate plus 1.00%, payable quarterly, with all principal due on demand, but in any event no earlier than December 31, 2023. Loans made to Valhi at any time under the agreement are at our discretion. Under the promissory note, Valhi repaid a net \$5.9 million in 2019 (\$34.9 million of gross borrowings and \$40.8 million of gross repayments), borrowed a net \$1.4 million in 2020 (\$34.8 million of gross borrowings and \$33.4 million of gross repayments) and repaid a net \$10.8 million in 2021 (\$29.8 million of gross borrowings and \$40.6 million of gross repayments). See Note 9 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Financing activities. Cash dividends paid totaled \$3.5 million (\$.28 per share, or \$.07 per share per quarter) in 2019, \$5.0 million (\$.40 per share, or \$.10 per share per quarter) in 2020, and \$9.9 million (\$.80 per share, or \$.20 per share per quarter) in 2021. On March 2, 2022 our board of directors declared a first quarter 2022 dividend of \$.25 per share, to be paid on March 22, 2022 to CompX stockholders of record as of March 14, 2022. The declaration and payment of future dividends and the amount thereof, if any, is discretionary and is dependent upon our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements for our businesses, contractual requirements and restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. The amount and timing of past dividends is not necessarily indicative of the amount or timing of any future dividends which we might pay.

In addition, during 2021, we acquired 75,000 shares of our Class A common stock in market transactions for \$1.3 million.

Future Cash Requirements

We believe cash generated from operations together with cash on hand will be sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service and dividends (if declared) for the next twelve months and our long term obligations for the next five years. To the extent that actual operating results or other developments differ materially from our expectations, our liquidity could be adversely affected.

All of our \$76.6 million aggregate cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2021 were held in the U.S.

We periodically evaluate our liquidity requirements, alternative uses of capital, capital needs and available resources in view of, among other things, our capital expenditure requirements, dividend policy and estimated future operating cash flows. As a result of this process, we have in the past and may in the future seek to raise additional capital, refinance or restructure indebtedness, issue additional securities, repurchase shares of our common stock, modify our dividend policy or take a combination of such steps to manage our liquidity and capital resources. In the normal course of business, we may review opportunities for acquisitions, joint ventures or other business combinations in the component products industry. In the event of any such transaction, we may consider using available cash, issuing additional equity securities or increasing our indebtedness or that of our subsidiaries.

Commitments and contingencies

As more fully described in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, we are a party to various agreements that contractually and unconditionally commit us to pay certain amounts in the future. See Note 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements. Additionally, we have purchase obligations of \$30.7 million (\$30.1 million payable in 2022 and \$.6 million payable in 2023) which consists of open purchase orders and contractual obligations, primarily commitments to purchase raw materials and for capital projects in process at December 31, 2021. The timing and amount for purchase obligations are based on the contractual payment amount and the contractual payment date for those commitments.

Recent accounting pronouncements

None.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

General. We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates and raw materials prices.

Interest rates. We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates, primarily related to our note receivable from affiliate. The outstanding principal amount of the note receivable from affiliate of \$18.7 million at December 31, 2021 bears interest at prime plus 1.0% (4.25% at December 31, 2021). We received interest income of \$1.2 million from the note during 2021.

Raw materials. We will occasionally enter into short term commodity-related raw material supply arrangements to mitigate the impact of future increases in commodity-related raw material costs. We do not have long-term supply agreements for our raw material requirements because either we believe the risk of unavailability of those raw materials is low and we believe the downside risk of price volatility to be too great or because long-term supply agreements for those materials are generally not available. We do not engage in commodity raw material hedging programs.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The information called for by this Item is contained in a separate section of this Annual Report. See "Index of Financial Statements" (page F-1).

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. We maintain disclosure controls and procedures which, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e), means controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit to the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit to the SEC under the Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions to be made regarding required disclosure. Our management with the participation of Scott C. James, our President and Chief Executive Officer, and Michael S. Simmons, our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2021. Based upon their evaluation, these executive officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the date of such evaluation.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting which, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f), means a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets,
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors, and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Our evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting is based upon the framework established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in 2013 (commonly referred to as the "2013 COSO" framework). Based on our evaluation under that framework, our management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2021.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to rules of the SEC that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2021 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Certifications. Our chief executive officer and chief financial officer are required to, among other things, quarterly file a certification with the SEC regarding the quality of our public disclosures, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. We have filed the certifications for the quarter ended December 31, 2021 as exhibits 31.1 and 31.2 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURSIDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this report ("Proxy Statement").

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement. See also Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) and (c) Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements listed on the accompanying Index of Financial Statements (see page F-1) are filed as part of this Annual Report.

All financial statement schedules have been omitted either because they are not applicable or required, or the information that would be required to be included is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Exhibits

10.4

10.5**

We have retained a signed original of any of these exhibits that contain signatures, and we will provide such exhibits to the Commission or its staff. Included as exhibits are the items listed in the Exhibit Index. We, upon request, will furnish a copy of any of the exhibits listed below upon payment of \$4.00 per exhibit to cover our costs of furnishing the exhibits. Instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt issues which do not exceed 10% of consolidated total assets will be furnished to the Commission upon request. Such requests should be directed to the attention of our Corporate Secretary at our corporate offices located at 5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700, Dallas, Texas 75240.

Exhibit Item Item No. Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant - incorporated by reference to 3.1 Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for quarter ended June 30, 2018. 3.2 Certificate of Retirement – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 5, 2018. 3.3 Amended and Restated Bylaws of Registrant, adopted by the Board of Directors March 3, 2021 – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 3, 2021. 4.1 Description of Capital Stock – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed on February 26, 2020. 10.1 Intercorporate Services Agreement between the Registrant and Contran Corporation effective as of January 1, 2004 – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed on March 4, 2004. 10.2* CompX International Inc. 2012 Director Stock Plan – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 filed on March 6, 2013. 10.3 Tax Sharing Agreement between the Registrant, NL Industries, Inc. and Contran Corporation dated as of January 1, 2020 – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed on February 26, 2020.

of \$30 million executed by Valhi, Inc. and payable to the Registrant.

Second Amended and Restated Agreement Regarding Shared Insurance among the Registrant, Contran Corporation, Kronos Worldwide, Inc., NL Industries, Inc., and Valhi, Inc. dated January 25, 2019 – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year

Unsecured Revolving Demand Promissory Note dated December 31, 2021 in the original principal amount

ended December 31, 2018 filed on February 27, 2019.

Item No. 10.6*	Exhibit Item Form of Indemnification Agreement – incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 26, 2016.
21.1**	Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
23.1**	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.
31.1**	Certification
31.2**	Certification
32.1**	Certification
101.INS**	Inline XBRL Instance – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

^{*} Management contract, compensatory plan or agreement.** Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC.

Date: March 2, 2022 By:/s/ Scott C. James

Scott C. James

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>				
/s/ Loretta J. Feehan Loretta J. Feehan	Chair of the Board	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Robert D. Graham Robert D. Graham	Vice Chairman of the Board	March 2, 2022				
/s/Scott C. James Scott C. James	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Michael S. Simmons Michael S. Simmons	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Amy E. Ruf Amy E. Ruf	Vice President, Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Thomas E. Barry Thomas E. Barry	Director	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Terri L. Herrington Terri L. Herrington	Director	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Ann Manix Ann Manix	Director	March 2, 2022				
/s/ Mary A. Tidlund Mary A. Tidlund	Director	March 2, 2022				

Annual Report on Form 10-K

Items 8 and 15(a)

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All financial statement schedules have been omitted either because they are not applicable or required, or the information that would be required to be included is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.



Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of CompX International Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CompX International Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of January 2, 2022 and January 3, 2021, and the related consolidated statements of income, of stockholders' equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 2, 2022, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of January 2, 2022 and January 3, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 2, 2022 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by



communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Goodwill Impairment Assessment - Security Products Reporting Unit

As described in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's consolidated goodwill balance was \$23.7 million as of December 31, 2021, all of which related to the Company's Security Products reporting unit, which corresponds to its Security Products operating segment. As disclosed by management, management performs an annual goodwill impairment test in the third quarter of each year, or at other times whenever an event occurs or circumstances change that would more-likely-than-not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. Management first assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not the fair value of the Security Products reporting unit is less than its carrying value. When performing a qualitative assessment, considerable management judgment is necessary to evaluate the qualitative impact of events and circumstances on the fair value of a reporting unit. Events and circumstances considered in management's impairment evaluations include historical profits and stability of the markets served. In 2021, management used the qualitative assessment for the annual impairment test and determined it was not necessary to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test, as management concluded it was more likely than not the fair value of the Security Products reporting unit exceeded its carrying amount.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to the goodwill impairment assessment of the Security Products reporting unit is a critical audit matter are (i) the significant judgment by management when performing the qualitative impairment assessment and (ii) the high degree of auditor judgment and subjectivity in performing procedures and evaluating evidence relating to management's qualitative impairment assessment.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to management's goodwill impairment assessment and the review of qualitative factors affecting the Security Products reporting unit. These procedures also included, among others, (i) evaluating management's qualitative impairment assessment by analyzing financial performance of the Security Products reporting unit, the Company's market capitalization and other events or circumstances impacting the reporting unit and (ii) comparing actual financial performance with forecasted financial performance used in previous impairment assessments to evaluate management's assessment of whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of each reporting unit is less than the carrying value.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1993.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers UP

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands)

	December 31,				
ASSETS	2020			2021	
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,637	\$	76,579	
Accounts receivable, net		10,731		15,546	
Inventories, net		18,337		25,642	
Prepaid expenses and other		1,541		2,464	
Total current assets		101,246		120,231	
Other assets:					
Note receivable from affiliate		29,500		18,700	
Goodwill		23,742		23,742	
Other noncurrent		607		597	
Total other assets		53,849		43,039	
Property and equipment:					
Land		4,940		5,071	
Buildings		23,146		23,161	
Equipment		68,227		70,664	
Construction in progress		1,010		2,028	
1 0		97,323		100,924	
Less accumulated depreciation		68,373		71,742	
Net property and equipment		28,950		29,182	
Total assets	\$	184,045	\$	192,452	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,198	\$	14,724	
Income taxes payable to affiliate	Ψ	952	Ψ	1,722	
Total current liabilities		13,150	-	16,446	
Total current habilities		13,130		10,440	
Noncurrent liabilities - deferred income taxes		3,239		2,918	
Stockholders' equity:					
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, none issued		_		_	
Class A common stock, \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized;					
12,451,157 and 12,380,657 shares issued and outstanding		124		124	
Additional paid-in capital		55,987		54,780	
Retained earnings		111,545		118,184	
Total stockholders' equity		167,656		173,088	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	184,045	\$	192,452	

Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Years ended December 31,						
		2019	2020			2021	
Net sales	\$	124,243	\$	114,537	\$	140,815	
Cost of sales		85,280		81,689		98,066	
Gross margin		38,963		32,848		42,749	
Selling, general and administrative expense		21,297		21,031		22,223	
Operating income		17,666		11,817		20,526	
Interest income		3,270		1,680		1,197	
Income before income taxes		20,936		13,497		21,723	
Provision for income taxes		4,938		3,174		5,155	
Net income	\$	15,998	\$	10,323	\$	16,568	
Basic and diluted net income per common share	\$	1.29	\$.83	\$	1.34	
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding		12,440		12,448		12,411	

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended December 31, 2019, 2020 and 2021

(In thousands, except per share data)

	co	class A ommon tock	 dditional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	reasury stock	Total ckholders' equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	124	\$ 55,751	\$ 93,687	\$ _	\$ 149,562
Net income		_	_	15,998	_	15,998
Cash dividends (\$0.28 per share)			_	(3,483)	_	(3,483)
Issuance of common stock		_	118	_	_	118
Balance at December 31, 2019		124	 55,869	106,202		 162,195
Net income			_	10,323		10,323
Cash dividends (\$0.40 per share)			_	(4,980)		(4,980)
Issuance of common stock			118			118
Balance at December 31, 2020		124	55,987	111,545	 	 167,656
Net income			_	16,568		16,568
Cash dividends (\$0.80 per share)			_	(9,929)		(9,929)
Issuance of common stock			104	·		104
Treasury stock:						
Acquired			_	_	(1,311)	(1,311)
Retired			(1,311)		 1,311	 <u> </u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	124	\$ 54,780	\$ 118,184	\$ _	\$ 173,088

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Years ended December 31,						
	2019			2020		2021	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	\$	15,998	\$	10,323	\$	16,568	
Depreciation and amortization		3,684		3,827		3,839	
Deferred income taxes		89		(48)		(321)	
Other, net		458		346		269	
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net		250		1,118		(4,806)	
Inventories, net		(1,439)		(193)		(7,479)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(399)		95		2,547	
Accounts with affiliates		(203)		449		854	
Prepaids and other, net		27		(415)		(997)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	·	18,465		15,502	_	10,474	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Capital expenditures		(3,166)		(1,740)		(4,094)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets, net		125		<u> </u>		2	
Note receivable from affiliate:							
Collections		40,800		33,428		40,600	
Advances		(34,900)		(34,828)		(29,800)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		2,859		(3,140)		6,708	
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Dividends paid		(3,483)		(4,980)		(9,929)	
Treasury stock acquired						(1,311)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,483)		(4,980)		(11,240)	
Net change for the year		17,841		7,382		5,942	
Balance at beginning of period		45,414		63,255		70,637	
Balance at end of period	\$	63,255	\$	70,637	\$	76,579	
Supplemental disclosures -							
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	5,027	\$	3,261	\$	4,700	
1		,		, -		, -	

COMPX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies:

Organization. We (NYSE American: CIX) are approximately 87% owned by NL Industries, Inc. (NYSE: NL) at December 31, 2021. We manufacture and sell component products (security products and recreational marine components). At December 31, 2021, Valhi, Inc. (NYSE: VHI) owns approximately 83% of NL's outstanding common stock and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Contran Corporation owns approximately 92% of Valhi's outstanding common stock. A majority of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held directly by Lisa K. Simmons and various family trusts established for the benefit of Ms. Simmons, Thomas C. Connelly (the husband of Ms. Simmons' late sister) and their children and for which Ms. Simmons or Mr. Connelly, as applicable, serve as trustee (collectively, the "Other Trusts"). With respect to the Other Trusts for which Mr. Connelly serves as trustee, he is required to vote the shares of Contran voting stock held in such trusts in the same manner as Ms. Simmons. Such voting rights of Ms. Simmons last through April 22, 2030 and are personal to Ms. Simmons. The remainder of Contran's outstanding voting stock is held by another trust (the "Family Trust"), which was established for the benefit of Ms. Simmons and her late sister and their children and for which a third-party financial institution serves as trustee. Consequently, at December 31, 2021 Ms. Simmons and the Family Trust may be deemed to control Contran, and therefore may be deemed to indirectly control the wholly-owned subsidiary of Contran, Valhi, NL and us.

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this report to "we," "us," or "our" refer to CompX International Inc. and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

Management estimates. In preparing our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at each balance sheet date and the reported amounts of our revenues and expenses during each reporting period. Actual results may differ significantly from previously estimated amounts under different assumptions or conditions.

Principles of consolidation. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CompX International Inc. and our wholly-owned subsidiaries. We eliminate all material intercompany accounts and balances.

Fiscal year. Our fiscal year end is always the Sunday closest to December 31, and our operations are reported on a 52 or 53-week fiscal year. Each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020 consisted of 52 weeks and 53 weeks, respectively. The year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of 52 weeks. For presentation purposes, annual information in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes is presented as ended on December 31. The actual date of our fiscal years are December 29, 2019, January 3, 2021, and January 2, 2022, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents. We classify bank time deposits and government and commercial notes and bills with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Net sales. Our sales involve single performance obligations to ship our products pursuant to customer purchase orders. In some cases, the purchase order is supported by an underlying master sales agreement, but our purchase order verification notice generally evidences the contract with our customer by specifying the key terms of product and quantity ordered, price and delivery and payment terms. In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, we record revenue when we satisfy our performance obligations to our customers by transferring control of our products to them, which generally occurs at point of shipment or upon delivery. Such transfer of control is also evidenced by transfer of legal title and other risks and rewards of ownership (giving the customer the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the benefits of, the product), and our customers becoming obligated to pay us and it is probable we will receive payment. In certain arrangements we provide shipping and handling activities after the transfer of control to our customer (e.g. when control transfers prior to delivery). In such

arrangements shipping and handling are considered fulfillment activities, and accordingly, such costs are accrued when the related revenue is recognized.

Revenue is recorded in an amount that reflects the net consideration we expect to receive in exchange for our products. Prices for our products are based on terms specified in published list prices and purchase orders, which generally do not include financing components, noncash consideration or consideration paid to our customers. As our standard payment terms are less than one year, we have elected the practical expedient under ASC 606 and we have not assessed whether a contract has a significant financing component. We state sales net of price, early payment and distributor discounts as well as volume rebates (collectively, variable consideration). Variable consideration, to the extent present, is not material and is recognized as the amount to which we are most-likely to be entitled, using all information (historical, current and forecasted) that is reasonably available to us, and only to the extent that a significant reversal in the amount of the cumulative revenue recognized is not probable of occurring in a future period. Differences, if any, between estimates of the amount of variable consideration to which we will be entitled and the actual amount of such variable consideration have not been material in the past. We report any tax assessed by a governmental authority that we collect from our customers that is both imposed on and concurrent with our revenue-producing activities (such as sales, use, value added and excise taxes) on a net basis (meaning we do not recognize these taxes either in our revenues or in our costs and expenses).

Frequently, we receive orders for products to be delivered over dates that may extend across reporting periods. We invoice for each delivery upon shipment and recognize revenue for each distinct shipment when all sales recognition criteria for that shipment have been satisfied. As scheduled delivery dates for these orders are within a one year period, under the optional exemption provided by ASC 606, we do not disclose sales allocated to future shipments of partially completed contracts.

We have determined that our disclosure of sales by segment meets the requirements to disclose a disaggregation of our sales into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. See Note 2.

Accounts receivable. We provide an allowance for doubtful accounts for known and estimated potential losses arising from our sales to customers based on a periodic review of these accounts.

Inventories and cost of sales. We state inventories at the lower of cost or net realizable value. We record a provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories. We generally base inventory costs for all inventory categories on average cost that approximates the first-in, first-out method. Inventories include the costs for raw materials, the cost to manufacture the raw materials into finished goods and overhead. Depending on the inventory's stage of completion, our manufacturing costs can include the costs of packing and finishing, utilities, maintenance and depreciation, shipping and handling, and salaries and benefits associated with our manufacturing process. We allocate fixed manufacturing overhead costs based on normal production capacity. Unallocated overhead costs resulting from periods with abnormally low production levels are charged to expense as incurred. As inventory is sold to third parties, we recognize the cost of sales in the same period that the sale occurs. We periodically review our inventory for estimated obsolescence or instances when inventory is no longer marketable for its intended use, and we record any write-down, equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and its estimated net realizable value, based on assumptions about alternative uses, market conditions and other factors.

Selling, general and administrative expenses; advertising costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses include costs related to marketing, sales, distribution, research and development and administrative functions such as accounting, treasury and finance, and include costs for salaries and benefits, travel and entertainment, promotional materials and professional fees. We expense advertising and research and development costs as incurred. Advertising and research and development costs were not significant in 2019, 2020 or 2021.

Goodwill. Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of individual net assets acquired in business combinations. Goodwill is not subject to periodic amortization. We evaluate goodwill for impairment annually or when circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. See Note 5.

Property and equipment; depreciation expense. We state property and equipment, including purchased computer software for internal use, at cost. We compute depreciation of property and equipment for financial reporting purposes principally by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 15 to 40 years for buildings and 3 to 20 years for equipment and software. We use accelerated depreciation methods for income tax purposes, as permitted. Upon sale or retirement of an asset, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is recognized in income currently. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are expensed; expenditures for major improvements are capitalized.

We perform impairment tests when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. We consider all relevant factors. We perform the impairment test by comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset to the asset's net carrying value to determine if impairment exists.

Leases. We enter into various arrangements (or leases) that convey the rights to use and control identified underlying assets for a period of time in exchange for consideration. We lease various facilities and equipment. From time to time, we may also enter into an arrangement in which the right to use and control an identified underlying asset is embedded in another type of contract. We determine if an arrangement is a lease (including leases embedded in another type of contract) at inception. All of our leases are classified as operating leases under ASC Topic 842, *Leases*. Operating leases are not material.

Employee benefit plans. We maintain various defined contribution plans in which we make contributions based on matching or other formulas. Defined contribution plan expense approximated \$3.2 million in 2019, \$3.0 million in 2020 and \$3.7 million in 2021.

Self-insurance. We are partially self-insured for workers' compensation and certain employee health benefits and self-insured for most environmental issues. We purchase coverage in order to limit our exposure to significant workers' compensation or employee health benefit claims. We accrue self-insured losses based upon estimates of the aggregate liability for uninsured claims incurred using certain actuarial assumptions followed in the insurance industry and our own historical claims experience.

Income taxes. We, and our parent NL, are members of the Contran Tax Group. We have been and currently are a part of the consolidated tax returns filed by Contran for U.S. federal purposes as well as for certain U.S. state jurisdictions. As a member of the Contran Tax Group, we are jointly and severally liable for the federal income tax liability of Contran and the other companies included in the Contran Tax Group for all periods in which we are included in the Contran Tax Group. See Note 10.

As a member of the Contran Tax Group, we are a party to a tax sharing agreement which provides that we compute our provision for U.S. income taxes on a separate-company basis. Pursuant to the tax sharing agreement, we make payments to or receive payments from NL in amounts we would have paid to or received from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or the applicable state tax authority had we not been a member of the Contran Tax Group. The separate company provisions and payments are computed using the tax elections made by Contran. We made net cash payments for income taxes to NL of \$5.0 million in 2019, \$3.2 million in 2020 and \$4.7 million in 2021.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the income tax and financial reporting carrying amounts of assets and liabilities. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities for each tax-paying jurisdiction in which we operate are netted and presented as either a noncurrent deferred income tax asset or liability, as applicable. We periodically evaluate our deferred tax assets in the various taxing jurisdictions in which we operate and adjust any related valuation allowance based on the estimate of the amount of deferred tax assets which we believe do not meet the more-likely-than-not recognition criteria. See Notes 7 and 10.

We record a reserve for uncertain tax positions for tax positions where we believe it is more-likely-than-not our position will not prevail with the applicable tax authorities. We did not have a reserve for uncertain tax positions in 2019, 2020 or 2021.

Note 2 – Business and geographic segments:

Our operating segments are defined as components of our operations about which separate financial information is available that is regularly evaluated by our chief operating decision maker in determining how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. At December 31, 2021, we had two reportable operating segments – Security Products and Marine Components.

The Security Products segment, with a facility in South Carolina and a facility shared with Marine Components in Illinois, manufactures locking mechanisms and other security products for sale to the transportation, postal, office and institutional furniture, cabinetry, tool storage, healthcare and other industries.

Our Marine Components segment, with a facility in Wisconsin and a facility shared with Security Products in Illinois, manufactures and distributes stainless steel exhaust systems, gauges, throttle controls, wake enhancement systems, trim tabs and related hardware and accessories primarily for performance and ski/wakeboard boats.

The chief operating decision maker evaluates segment performance based on segment operating income, which is defined as income before income taxes, exclusive of certain general corporate income and expense items (primarily interest income) and certain non-recurring items (such as gains or losses on the disposition of long-lived assets outside the ordinary course of business). The accounting policies of the reportable operating segments are the same as those described in Note 1. Capital expenditures include additions to property and equipment but exclude amounts attributable to business combinations.

Segment assets are comprised of all assets attributable to the reportable segments. Corporate assets are not attributable to the operating segments and consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and note receivable from affiliate. For geographic information, the point of origin (place of manufacture) for all net sales is the U.S., the point of destination for net sales is based on the location of the customer, and property and equipment are attributable to their physical location. Intersegment sales are not material.

		Years ended Decembe				
		2019				2021
			(In	thousands)		
Net sales:						
Security Products	\$	99,328	\$	87,863	\$	105,124
Marine Components		24,915		26,674		35,691
Total net sales	\$	124,243	\$	114,537	\$	140,815
Operating income (loss):						
Security Products	\$	21,013	\$	14,926	\$	21,622
Marine Components		3,644		4,088		5,591
Corporate operating expenses		(6,991)		(7,197)		(6,687)
Total operating income		17,666		11,817		20,526
Interest income		3,270		1,680		1,197
Income before income taxes	\$	20,936	\$	13,497	\$	21,723
Depreciation and amortization:						
Security Products	\$	3,056	\$	3,069	\$	2,890
Marine Components		627		757		940
Corporate		1		1		9
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,684	\$	3,827	\$	3,839
Capital expenditures:						
Security Products	\$	1,530	\$	1,252	\$	1,044
Marine Components		1,636		458		3,050
Corporate				30		
Total	\$	3,166	\$	1,740	\$	4,094
Net sales point of destination:						
United States	\$	114,186	\$	107,712	\$	129,160
Canada		7,257		4,423		8,061
Mexico		922		431		589
Other		1,878		1,971		3,005
Total	\$	124,243	\$	114,537	\$	140,815
			Dec	ember 31,		
		2019		2020		2021
			(In	thousands)		
Total assets:						
Security Products	\$	73,697	\$	70,755	\$	78,193
Marine Components		15,256		15,515		18,167
Corporate		89,591		97,775		96,092
Total	\$	178,544	\$	184,045	\$	192,452

Net property and equipment for 2019, 2020 and 2021 is entirely located within the United States.

Note 3 – Accounts receivable, net:

	Dece	December 31, 2020		
		(In thou	ısands)	
Accounts receivable, net:				
Security Products	\$	8,797	\$	12,896
Marine Components		2,004		2,720
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(70)		(70)
Total accounts receivable, net	\$	10,731	\$	15,546

Note 4 – Inventories, net:

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	
	(In tho	usands)	
Raw materials:			
Security Products	\$ 2,318	\$ 3,640	
Marine Components	902	1,402	
Total raw materials	3,220	5,042	
Work-in-process:			
Security Products	9,214	12,721	
Marine Components	2,454	4,046	
Total work-in-process	11,668	16,767	
Finished goods:			
Security Products	2,235	2,271	
Marine Components	1,214	1,562	
Total finished goods	3,449	3,833	
Total inventories, net	\$ 18,337	\$ 25,642	

Note 5 – Goodwill:

We assign goodwill based on *reporting unit* (as that term is defined in ASC Topic 350-20-20, *Goodwill*) which corresponds to our operating segments. All of our net goodwill relates to our Security Products segment and was generated from acquisitions relating to our Security Products segment prior to 2001. We test for goodwill impairment at the reporting unit level. In accordance with the requirements of ASC Topic 350-20-20, we review goodwill for each of our reporting units for impairment during the third quarter of each year or when circumstances arise that indicate an impairment might be present.

In 2019, 2020 and 2021, our goodwill was tested for impairment only in the third quarter of each year in connection with our annual testing date. No impairment was indicated as part of such annual reviews of goodwill. As permitted by GAAP, during each of 2019, 2020 and 2021 we used the qualitative assessment of ASC 350-20-35 for our annual impairment test and determined it was not necessary to perform the quantitative goodwill impairment test.

Our gross goodwill at December 31, 2021 is \$33.6 million. Prior to 2019, we recorded a \$9.9 million goodwill impairment in our Marine Components segment resulting in a net consolidated carrying amount of \$23.7 million. There have been no changes in the carrying amount of our goodwill during the past three years.

Note 6 – Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	December 31,				
	 2020 2				
	 (In tho	usands)			
Accounts payable:					
Security Products	\$ 1,859	\$	2,594		
Marine Components	773		814		
Accrued liabilities:					
Employee benefits	8,431		9,797		
Customer tooling	393		516		
Taxes other than on income	301		391		
Insurance	172		208		
Sales rebates	79		48		
Other	190		356		
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 12,198	\$	14,724		

Note 7 – Income taxes:

The provision for income taxes and the difference between such provision for income taxes and the amount that would be expected using the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 21% are presented below. All of our pre-tax income relates to operations in the United States.

	Years ended December 31,					l ,
	2019		2020			2021
			(In t	housands))	
Provision for income taxes:						
Currently payable	\$	4,849	\$	3,222	\$	5,476
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)		89		(48)		(321)
Total	\$	4,938	\$	3,174	\$	5,155
Expected tax expense, at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate of 21%	\$	4,397	\$	2,835	\$	4,562
State income taxes		742		378		692
FDII benefit		(201)		(55)		(120)
Other, net				16		21
Total provision for income taxes	\$	4,938	\$	3,174	\$	5,155

Under the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act," domestic corporations who are U.S. exporters with no foreign operations may be eligible for a deduction under the foreign derived intangible income provisions. We qualify for this deduction and recognized a current cash tax benefit of \$0.2 million in 2019 (\$0.1 million of such current cash tax benefit is related to 2018) and \$0.1 million in each of 2020 and 2021. See also Note 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

The components of the net deferred tax liability are summarized below.

	 December 31,				
	 2020	2021			
	(In tho	usands)			
Tax effect of temporary differences related to:					
Inventories	\$ 356	\$	531		
Property and equipment	(2,887)		(2,951)		
Accrued liabilities and other deductible differences	18		39		
Accrued employee benefits	982		1,182		
Goodwill	(1,693)		(1,693)		
Other taxable differences	(15)		(26)		
Total deferred tax liability	\$ (3,239)	\$	(2,918)		

We and Contran file income tax returns in U.S. federal and various state and local jurisdictions. Our income tax returns prior to 2018 are generally considered closed to examination by applicable tax authorities.

Note 8 – Stockholders' equity:

	Sha	Shares of common stock				
	Issued	Treasury	Outstanding			
Balance at December 31, 2018	12,435,557	_	12,435,557			
Issued	7,500		7,500			
Balance at December 31, 2019	12,443,057		12,443,057			
Issued	8,100	_	8,100			
Balance at December 31, 2020	12,451,157	_	12,451,157			
Issued	4,500		4,500			
Acquired		(75,000)	(75,000)			
Retired	(75,000)	75,000	<u> </u>			
Balance at December 31, 2021	12,380,657		12,380,657			

Common stock. Our authorized capital stock consists of 20,000,000 shares of Class A common stock and 1,000 shares of preferred stock.

Share repurchases and cancellations. Prior to 2019, our board of directors authorized various repurchases of shares of our Class A common stock in open market transactions, including block purchases, or in privately-negotiated transactions at unspecified prices and over an unspecified period of time. We may repurchase our common stock from time to time as market conditions permit. The stock repurchase program does not include specific price targets or timetables and may be suspended at any time. Depending on market conditions, we may terminate the program prior to its completion. We will generally use cash on hand to acquire the shares. Repurchased shares will be added to our treasury and cancelled. We made no treasury purchases during 2019 or 2020. During 2021, we purchased 75,000 shares of our Class A common stock (50,000 shares in the first quarter and 25,000 shares in the fourth quarter) in market transactions for approximately \$1.3 million. We cancelled these treasury shares and allocated their costs to common stock at par value and additional paid-in-capital. At December 31, 2021, 602,547 shares were available for purchase under these authorizations.

Incentive compensation plan. We have a share-based incentive compensation plan pursuant to which an aggregate of up to 200,000 shares of our Class A common stock can be awarded to non-employee members of our board of directors. All of the Class A common shares we issued in 2019, 2020 and 2021 were issued under this plan. At December 31, 2021, 136,450 shares were available for award under this plan.

Dividends. We paid regular quarterly dividends of \$.07 per share during 2019, \$0.10 per share during 2020 and \$.20 per share during 2021. Declaration and payment of future dividends and the amount thereof, if any, is discretionary

and dependent upon our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements for our businesses, contractual requirements and restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors.

Note 9 – Related party transactions:

We may be deemed to be controlled by Ms. Lisa Simmons and the Family Trust. See Note 1. Corporations that may be deemed to be controlled by or affiliated with these individuals sometimes engage in (a) intercorporate transactions such as guarantees, management and expense sharing arrangements, shared fee arrangements, joint ventures, partnerships, loans, options, advances of funds on open account, and sales, leases and exchanges of assets, including securities issued by both related and unrelated parties and (b) common investment and acquisition strategies, business combinations, reorganizations, recapitalizations, securities repurchases, and purchases and sales (and other acquisitions and dispositions) of subsidiaries, divisions or other business units, which transactions have involved both related and unrelated parties and have included transactions that resulted in the acquisition by one related party of a publicly-held minority equity interest in another related party. We continuously consider, review and evaluate, and understand that Contran and related entities consider, review and evaluate such transactions. Depending upon the business, tax and other objectives then relevant, it is possible that we might be a party to one or more such transactions in the future.

From time to time, we may have loans and advances outstanding between us and various related parties pursuant to term and demand notes. We generally enter into these loans and advances for cash management purposes. When we loan funds to related parties, we are generally able to earn a higher rate of return on the loan than we would earn if we invested the funds in other instruments. While certain of these loans may be of a lesser credit quality than cash equivalent instruments otherwise available to us, we believe we have evaluated the credit risks in the terms of the applicable loans. In this regard, prior to 2019, we entered into an unsecured revolving demand promissory note with Valhi under which, as amended, we have agreed to loan Valhi up to \$30 million. Our loan to Valhi, as amended, bears interest at prime plus 1.00%, payable quarterly, with all principal due on demand, but in any event no earlier than December 31, 2023. Loans made to Valhi at any time under the agreement are at our discretion. At the end of our fiscal year in 2020 and 2021, the outstanding principal balance receivable from Valhi under the promissory note was \$29.5 million and \$18.7 million, respectively. Interest income (including unused commitment fees) on our loan to Valhi was \$2.4 million in 2019, \$1.5 million in 2020 and \$1.2 million in 2021.

Under the terms of an Intercorporate Service Agreement ("ISA") with Contran, employees of Contran perform certain management, tax planning, financial, legal and administrative services for us on a fee basis. Such fees are based upon the compensation of individual Contran employees providing services for us and/or estimates of time devoted to our affairs by such persons. Because of the number of companies affiliated with Contran, we believe we benefit from cost savings and economies of scale gained by not having certain management, financial and administrative staffs duplicated at each entity, thus allowing certain individuals to provide services to multiple companies but only be compensated by one entity. We negotiate ISA fees annually and agreements renew quarterly. Fees pursuant to these agreements aggregated \$3.4 million in each of 2019, 2020, and 2021.

Contran and certain of its subsidiaries and affiliates, including us, purchase certain of their insurance policies as a group, with the costs of the jointly-owned policies being apportioned among the participating companies. Tall Pines Insurance Company ("Tall Pines"), a subsidiary of Valhi, underwrites certain insurance policies for Contran and certain of its subsidiaries and affiliates, including us. Tall Pines purchases reinsurance from third-party insurance carriers with an A.M. Best Company rating of generally at least A-(Excellent) for substantially all of the risks it underwrites. EWI RE, Inc., a subsidiary of NL, brokered certain of our insurance policies, provided claims and risk management services and, where appropriate, engaged certain third-party risk management consultants prior to NL's sale of EWI's insurance and risk management business to a third party in November 2019. Consistent with insurance industry practices, Tall Pines receives commissions from reinsurance underwriters and/or assesses fees for certain of the policies that it underwrites, and prior to November 2019 EWI received commissions from the insurance and reinsurance underwriters for the policies that it brokered. The aggregate amounts we paid under the group insurance program was approximately \$2.3 million through the date of the sale in 2019. This amount principally represents insurance premiums paid to Tall Pines or EWI, including amounts paid to EWI that EWI then remitted, net of brokerage commissions, to insurers. Following the sale of EWI's insurance and risk management business, Contran engaged the third-party insurance broker that purchased the business to provide many of the services previously provided by EWI, and we continue to utilize Tall Pines to underwrite certain

insurance risks. During 2020 and 2021, we paid \$2.8 million and \$2.9 million, respectively under the group insurance program, which amounts principally represent insurance premiums, including \$.7 million and \$.9 million, respectively, for policies written by Tall Pines. Amounts paid under the group insurance program also include payments to insurers or reinsurers (which prior to the sale were made through EWI) for the reimbursement of claims within our applicable deductible or retention ranges that such insurers and reinsurers paid to third parties on our behalf, as well as amounts for claims and risk management services and various other third-party fees and expenses incurred by the program. We expect that these relationships in place during 2021 will continue in 2022.

With respect to certain of such jointly-owned insurance policies, it is possible that unusually large losses incurred by one or more insureds during a given policy period could leave the other participating companies without adequate coverage under that policy for the balance of the policy period. As a result, and in the event that the available coverage under a particular policy would become exhausted by one or more claims, Contran and certain of its subsidiaries and affiliates, including us, have entered into a loss sharing agreement under which any uninsured loss arising because the available coverage had been exhausted by one or more claims will be shared ratably amongst those entities that had submitted claims under the relevant policy. We believe the benefits, in the form of reduced premiums and broader coverage associated with the group coverage for such policies, justifies the risk associated with the potential for any uninsured loss.

Note 10 – Commitments and contingencies:

Legal proceedings. We are involved, from time to time, in various environmental, contractual, product liability, patent (or intellectual property), employment and other claims and disputes incidental to our business. We currently believe the disposition of all claims and disputes, individually or in the aggregate, should not have a material long-term adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Environmental matters and litigation. Our operations are governed by various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. Our policy is to comply with environmental laws and regulations at all of our facilities and to continually strive to improve environmental performance in association with applicable industry initiatives. We believe our operations are in substantial compliance with applicable requirements of environmental laws. From time to time, we may be subject to environmental regulatory enforcement under various statutes, resolution of which typically involves the establishment of compliance programs.

Income taxes. From time to time, we undergo examinations of our income tax returns, and tax authorities have or may propose tax deficiencies. We believe we have adequately provided accruals for additional income taxes and related interest expense which may ultimately result from such examinations and we believe that the ultimate disposition of all such examinations should not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

We are a party to a tax sharing agreement with Contran and NL providing for the allocation of tax liabilities and tax payments as described in Note 1. Under applicable law, we, as well as every other member of the Contran Tax Group, are each jointly and severally liable for the aggregate federal income tax liability of Contran and the other companies included in the Contran Tax Group for all periods in which we are included in the Contran Tax Group. NL has agreed, however, to indemnify us for any liability for income taxes of the Contran Tax Group in excess of our tax liability in accordance with the tax sharing agreement.

Concentration of credit risk. Our products are sold primarily in North America to original equipment manufacturers. Our ten largest customers accounted for approximately 47% of sales in 2019, 48% in 2020 and 51% in 2021. One customer of the Security Products segment accounted for 14% of consolidated sales in 2019, 17% in 2020 and 16% in 2021.

Note 11 – Financial instruments:

The following table presents the financial instruments that are not carried at fair value but which require fair value disclosure:

	 December 31, 2020				Decembe	r 31,	1, 2021	
	Carrying amount		Fair value		Carrying amount		Fair value	
	 (In thous				sands)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,637	\$	70,637	\$	76,579	\$	76,579	
Accounts receivable, net	10,731		10,731		15,546		15,546	
Accounts payable	2,632		2,632		3,408		3,408	

Due to their near-term maturities, the carrying amounts of accounts receivable and accounts payable are considered equivalent to fair value.

Board of Directors

Executive Officers

Loretta J. Feehan

Chair of the Board (non executive) Financial Consultant

Robert D. Graham

Vice Chairman of the Board

Thomas E. Barry

Emeritus Professor of Marketing Southern Methodist University

Terri L. Herrington

Private Investor

Scott C. James

President and Chief Executive Officer

Ann Manix

Director
Blue Canyon Partners, Inc.

Mary A. Tidlund

Private Investor

Robert D. Graham

Vice Chairman of the Board

Scott C. James

President and Chief Executive Officer

Andrew B. Nace

Executive Vice President

Michael S. Simmons

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Jane R. Grimm

Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Bryan A. Hanley

Vice President and Treasurer

Bart W. Reichert

Vice President, Internal Audit

Amy E. Ruf

Vice President and Controller

Darci B. Scott

Vice President, Tax

Stockholder Information

Exchange Listing

CompX International Inc. Class A Common Stock is traded on the NYSE American under the symbol "CIX"

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of stockholders will be held Wednesday, May 25, 2022, at 10:00 a.m. at:

The Conference Center
at Two Lincoln Centre
5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 240
Dallas, Texas 75240
All stockholders are welcome to attend.

Transfer Agent & Registrar

Computershare Trust Company, N. A. P.O. Box 505000 Louisville, KY 40233-5000 877.373.6374

Form 10-K Report

The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, is included as part of this Annual Report.

Copies of the Annual Report are available free of charge at the Company's website at **compxinternational.com**. Copies are also available without charge upon written request to:

Janet G. Keckeisen

Investor Relations

Jane R. Grimm

Secretary

CompX International Inc.
Three Lincoln Centre
5430 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1700
Dallas, TX 75240
972.448.1400 | compxinternational.com





















