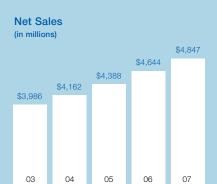
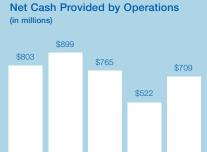


#### Financial Highlights







05

06

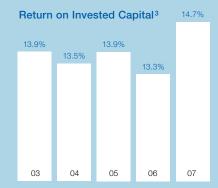
07

03

04







- 1. Adjusted operating profit: A non-GAAP measure calculated as gross profit less selling and administrative expenses, advertising costs, and research and development costs. See reconciliation of the adjusted operating profit as set forth in Exhibit 99.3 to the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.
- 2. The shaded areas represent continuing operations.
- 3. Return on invested capital is a non-GAAP measure based on after-tax operating profit (excluding charges and intangible amortization in adjusted operating profit) divided by average invested capital. See reconciliation of the earnings used in this calculation as set forth in Exhibit 99.3 to the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.



# Clorox Shareholders and Fellow Employees

When I introduced myself in last year's annual report, I indicated there were a number of reasons I was particularly excited to join The Clorox Company: namely, the strength of the company's brands, the quality of the people, its values-based culture and a great board of directors. Today, I would add to that list the company's focus on the consumer and customer, its tremendous cost discipline and impressive process sophistication. Clorox has lived up to my high expectations and I couldn't be more pleased to be leading this organization.

My first year at Clorox has been an exciting one, as I've immersed myself in getting to know the business and people, understanding the tremendous opportunities before us, updating our strategic plan and delivering our fiscal year 2007 financial commitments.

#### 2007: Another Strong Year

Clorox had another very good year in fiscal 2007.

- > We grew sales by 4 percent to \$4.8 billion. This was our sixth consecutive year of strong top-line growth at the middle to upper end of our annual target of 3 percent to 5 percent sales growth.
- > We delivered our sixth consecutive year of cost savings greater than \$100 million, generating \$107 million in cost savings for the year, helping offset higher year-over-year costs for energy-related and agricultural-based raw materials, manufacturing and logistics.
- > We increased earnings by 12 percent, delivering diluted earnings per share from continuing operations of \$3.23 in fiscal 2007 compared with \$2.89 in fiscal 2006.
- > Our financial condition remains very strong, with net cash provided by operations of \$709 million.
- > Strong free cash flow\* of \$562 million allowed us to repurchase 2.4 million shares of the company's stock and pay down to target levels the debt issued to finance the fiscal 2005 reacquisition of 61 million shares of Clorox stock from a former shareholder.

\*Free cash flow is a non-GAAP measure defined as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures. See reconciliation of free cash flow as set forth in Exhibit 99.1 of the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

These results were achieved through the hard work and dedication of Clorox people throughout the business. These results are theirs, and I'm proud of their accomplishments.

#### 2008: Investing in Our Future

As the chart on page 3 shows, over the past five years, Clorox stock delivered a 66 percent increase in total shareholder return, in line with the S&P 500 index and ahead of our peers. As we concluded fiscal 2007, however, our stock performance did not sustain that trend, and total shareholder return increased only 4 percent for the year. While many factors affect stock performance at any given time, the decline was impacted by the stock market's reaction to the outlook we communicated for fiscal 2008. The market's reaction reflected ongoing concerns about such things as raw-material cost increases, inflationary pressures and investments we're making to restructure a portion of our manufacturing network. So the year concluded with a question on investors' minds: Can Clorox continue to create significant value for shareholders?

I strongly believe the answer is yes, and we have the track record to support this belief. We have successfully weathered unprecedented raw-material cost increases over the past two years. In response, we successfully raised prices on a substantial portion of our product portfolio. While, in the short-term, this suppressed the volume of products we shipped, we believe maintaining higher margins on our products through our pricing actions will generate meaningful future profit. Looking ahead, while raw-material costs are still high, we anticipate that we will see them begin to drop in the latter half of fiscal 2008. Importantly, we are confident in our prospects to grow the value of the company and we're making substantial investments to do so, which we believe will accelerate our ability to increase value in the future.

#### 2008-2013: Heading True North

In 2007, we also completed an in-depth review of our business, defined what winning means for Clorox, identified our highest value opportunities and made corporate strategy choices. In May, we announced our new Centennial Strategy, named for the company's 100-year anniversary in 2013.

#### Fiscal 2007 Key Results by Operating Segment

Household Group – North America Specialty Group International

	Percent of	Pretax		
Net Sales	Company Net Sales	Net Sales Growth	Earnings Growth	
\$2.1 billion	44%	+ 1%	+0%	
\$2.0 billion	41%	+5%	+16%	
\$0.7 billion	15%	+12%	+9%	

Note: Intersegment sales are insignificant. All comparisons are with fiscal year 2006 and exclude the results of discontinued operations.

Central to the Centennial Strategy is our definition of winning: double-digit annual percentage growth in economic profit. We call this goal our "true north." It's the single direction everyone at Clorox is heading. Simply put, economic profit is the profit a company makes over and above the cost of paying for the assets used to generate those profits.

We've chosen this definition of winning because we believe it strongly correlates with shareholder value creation. Importantly, we can calculate and determine how to maximize economic profit across retail channels, with individual retail customers and in specific countries. We can even calculate it for a single business unit, brand or product. This capability gives us tremendous insight into our greatest opportunities for value creation; accordingly, we will use economic profit to make portfolio choices and allocate resources across the business. We believe economic profit growth is the best way to create value for our shareholders.

A deep understanding of economic profit also drives the four strategic choices we've made:

#### Be a High-Performance Organization of Enthusiastic Owners Our No. 1 strategy is about Clorox people.

Clorox has great people. There's nothing we can't do when we set our minds — and hearts — to it. And this strategy is all about doing everything we can to ensure people walk through the door each day with passion, excitement and enthusiasm, feeling the kind of commitment to Clorox that a business owner has. We've done a good job at this over the years to be sure, but we're raising the bar even higher: We want everyone to perform at the top of their game and love doing it every day. Key to achieving this is making it easier to make decisions quickly through greater role clarity; using economic profit to allocate resources; engaging everyone on a rational and an emotional level — in other words, fostering a culture that ensures we have our heads and our hearts in the game; enhancing our envi-

ronment of diversity and inclusion; building the capabilities of our leaders and ensuring we have a strong bench of players on our winning team.

#### Win With Superior Capabilities in Desire, Decide and Delight

We will strive to be the best at driving demand creation and building consumer lifetime loyalty through superior capabilities in what we call the 3Ds: desire, decide and delight. These are the three points when a consumer faces a choice about our product.

- Desire is created by using consistent messages everywhere and every time we communicate with consumers about why our products are the best choice to meet their needs. We want to ensure consumers are predisposed to buy our brands before they ever set foot in the store.
- Decide is about winning at the store shelf where most purchase decisions are made through superior packaging and execution of what we call AMPS: assortment, merchandising, pricing and shelving. Getting these fundamentals right will drive growth for our retail partners and us.
- > Delight is when consumers take our products home. If we delight them, and our products exceed expectations and perform better than competitors' products, we're on the path to lifetime loyalty.

See pages 6-13 for examples of our capabilities in the 3Ds.

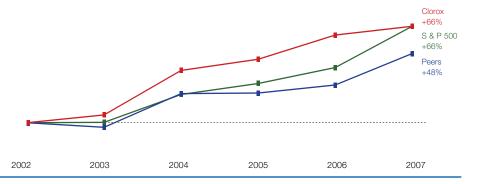
#### Accelerate Growth in and Beyond the Core

When it comes to market share, 63 of our brands are No. 1 or a strong No. 2 in their categories and countries (see page 14). We have an advantaged portfolio, participating in profitable categories with strong share positions, and our advantaged portfolio allows us to create economic value for our shareholders. The key to achieving growth is pursuing businesses in growing markets with good profit. Ideally, these businesses should be in categories that are large enough

#### Cumulative Total Shareholder Return

July 1, 2002, through June 30, 2007 (assumes reinvestment of quarterly dividends)

Peers: An average of 19 consumer packaged goods companies used for benchmarking purposes.



to be meaningful to Clorox and with competitive dynamics that allow our superior capabilities in the 3Ds to give us a clear right to win.

To achieve our true north goal, we must accelerate growth both in our core businesses and beyond. And we believe there's tremendous opportunity to do so. Superior execution with the 3Ds can help us broaden the footprint of our existing brands. We will focus on extending them into nearby categories where our well-known brand names carry weight; increasing the channels where we sell our brands, such as hospitals and health-care facilities; and expanding the range of products we offer in the countries where we do business, with an initial focus on the Americas, Australia and New Zealand.

Our financial strength and strong free cash flow give us the flexibility to reshape our existing portfolio over time and invest in economically attractive new businesses. As we expand, we will use economic profit to drive our portfolio choices in a disciplined way and ensure we leverage the capabilities that drive our competitive advantage. Our focus will be to further capitalize on four "megatrends" that are developing around the world: health and wellness, convenience, environmental sustainability and a more multicultural marketplace.

#### Relentlessly Drive Out Waste

Clorox has tremendous cost discipline and process sophistication. We've become extremely effective at identifying ways to save money and increase productivity. A solid pipeline of cost savings coupled with our strong free cash flow and capital capacity provide significant resources to invest in profitable growth and drive shareholder returns. Economic profit has a role here, too, as we use that "lens" to evaluate our operations and identify areas that offer opportunities for cost savings. Ongoing process discipline and process improvement, particularly in our supply chain, are also key as we continue to minimize the cost of processes that are not a source of competitive advantage and deploy our resources to the highest-value work.

#### We Make Everyday Life Better, Every Day

In June, we brought the company's worldwide leadership team together to roll out our Centennial Strategy. At that meeting, we adopted this phrase as the company's mission statement: We make everyday life better, every day.

When you think about it, this statement perfectly describes what Clorox people do every day, either directly or indirectly. We make and market different products, for different uses, for different people in different locations. But each one is designed to make everyday life better for consumers around the world. This is why we're here. It's why we come to work each day.

Indeed, 2007 was a very exciting year to take the helm at Clorox. We delivered very good financial results. We defined true north and charted a course to get there. We adopted a clear and simple statement for why we exist. And, from my vantage point, 2008 looks to be even more exciting as we begin to fully implement our Centennial Strategy.

I'm proud to be at Clorox and I have every confidence in the 7,800 Clorox people who are moving in unison toward our shared destination, giving their best every day for each other, for the business and ultimately for you, our shareholders.

Sincerely,

Donald R. Knauss

Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

mold R. Knows

Sept. 1, 2007

## Building Lifetime Loyalty Through the 3Ds



During the past several years, we focused on building capabilities in the areas of the consumer, the customer and cost management. Now we're using those capabilities to create demand and build consumer lifetime loyalty through the 3Ds: desire, decide and delight.

**Desire** is about ensuring consumers are predisposed to buy our brands before setting foot in the store. We do this by communicating consistent messages about why our products are the best choice to meet their needs.







Decide is about winning at the store shelf through superior packaging and AMPS: assortment, merchandising, pricing and shelving. Delight is when consumers take our product home. If we delight them, we've made an important step toward earning their lifetime loyalty.





Turn the page for a look at how Clorox people are bringing the 3Ds to life.

### Desire:

# Hidden Valley® dressing takes veggies from yawn to yum

Imagine a world where kids eat their veggies and actually ask for more. No bickering, no sneaking their broccoli to the dog — it's every mom's dream. And with Hidden Valley® Original Ranch® dressing in her mealtime arsenal, it's reality.

Over the past three years, the salad dressing category has steadily declined, primarily due to issues with salad crops. In fiscal 2007, a cross-functional team was formed to figure out how we could grow the business in this challenging environment. The team, which included Research & Development, Marketing, Public Relations, Sales and Product Supply, zeroed in on a few key insights. First, while consumers primarily eat ranch dressing on lettuce salads, they also like it on other vegetables. Second, 96 percent of kids aged 2 to 12 don't eat the minimum recommended daily servings of fruits and vegetables. Finally, our target consumer values meals as a time to bond with her family; she wants them to eat a balanced meal and doesn't want to argue about it.

Recognizing a potential opportunity, the team commissioned a study by the University of California Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP), which found that children ate 23 percent more vegetables when paired with ranch dressing. They also learned that pairing vegetables with a moderate amount of foods that contain fat, such as dressings or cheeses, helps the body absorb nutrients in vegetables. Armed with this information, the team focused on creating desire among moms to use Hidden Valley® dressing as a way of getting their children to eat vegetables. They started with a single, powerful tagline for all consumer communications: Hidden Valley® ranch dressing "Makes vegetables delectable!"

#### Love Your Veggies™ brings fresh vegetables to U.S. schools

The team launched an innovative PR campaign in coordination with nutrition experts. First, they partnered with EFNEP and the School Nutrition Association to launch the Love Your Veggies™ nationwide school lunch campaign. The program provided



grants of \$15,000 each to five public elementary schools with the goal of getting kids to eat more fresh vegetables. As part of the grant, Hidden Valley provided each school a vegetable station, along with training for cafeteria staff on food safety and nutrition. The program was so successful, it has been expanded this year to provide more than 50 grants.

In addition, Hidden Valley partnered with Discovery Education to provide classroom kits to 10,000 elementary schools nationwide. The kits include "Super Veggie" trading cards that teach students the unique benefits of different vegetables. Finally, Hidden Valley joined forces with the Produce for Better Health Foundation on the Fruits & Veggies — More Matters™ program to promote eating more fruits and vegetables. Hidden Valley cross-promotes the foundation program on PR materials, in-store product displays and the brand's Web site.

#### Advertising reinforces the message

Building on the successful PR program, the Hidden Valley team launched an integrated advertising campaign reinforcing that Hidden Valley® ranch dressing makes vegetables taste delectable. A television spot, for example, depicts kids in a neighborhood lining up not for the ice cream man, but the "vegetable man," for veggie "cones" topped with Original Ranch® dressing. Print and online advertising humorously depict ordinary veggies transformed by Hidden Valley into a tasty treat.

#### Integrated approach creates desire, drives growth

This integrated approach to driving expanded use of Hidden Valley® ranch dressing is striking a chord with moms. The return on investment for marketing spending in fiscal 2007 increased significantly over the prior year. This helped Hidden Valley's dollar market share of the ranch dressing segment grow 1.3 percentage points at U.S. grocery and massmerchandise retail outlets, the brand's highest year-over-year increase in recent years.



### Decide:

# Kingsford® helps retail partner ignite charcoal category growth



Most decisions to purchase a product are made at the store shelf. So what do you do when consumers have difficulty finding your brand in the store, or it's out of stock when they get there? Kingsford recently partnered with a leading U.S. grocery retailer to tackle this challenge.

Troubled by the retailer's declining charcoal category sales, Kingsford formed a cross-functional team to come up with a plan to rejuvenate the category. The plan was based on the principles of collaboration, mutual growth and an improved shopping experience. A key catalyst for the plan was the launch of Kingsford® charcoal with Sure Fire Grooves,® a significant product innovation that lights faster, burns longer and provides better-tasting barbecue than regular charcoal.

In conjunction with the launch of the new product innovation, Kingsford partnered with the retailer to overhaul its product assortment, develop a compelling promotional plan and improve the overall presence of the charcoal category by focusing on the Kingsford® brand as an in-store beacon for grilling and related items.

### Simplified assortment means more shelf space for brands shoppers want

First, the team used consumer and shopper research information to identify brand and segment roles. This research indicated that Kingsford® was the brand with the highest appeal to the retailer's most loyal shoppers. The research also showed that the retailer had an opportunity to simplify the charcoal shopping experience.

A plan was developed to expand shelf space for the most relevant items in the section and help ensure that the preferred brand, Kingsford, was in stock.

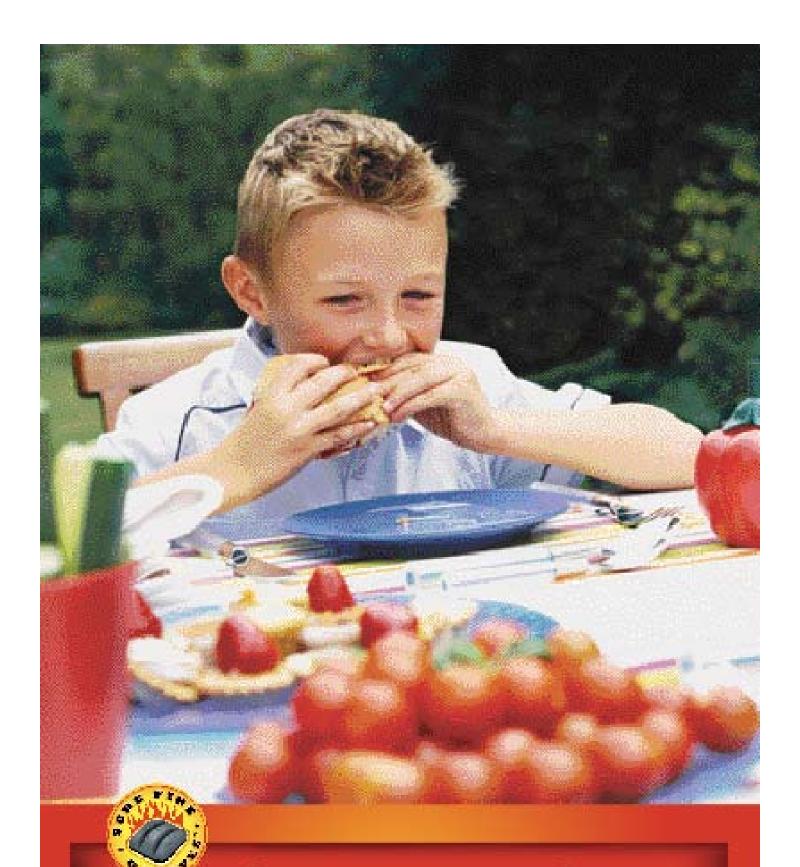
### Compelling in-store communication increases awareness and excitement

Second, Clorox and the retailer collaborated to develop compelling at-shelf marketing materials that created awareness and excitement about the charcoal section, while also making it easier and more fun to shop. The theme "Tonight's Grill Night" was integrated into the new section, along with compelling lifestyle imagery to emphasize the grilling experience with family and friends that is so important to the target consumer.

Finally, Kingsford and the retailer developed a year-round marketing and promotional plan to maintain excitement in the store and encourage consumers to shop the charcoal section more frequently, as well as other related categories such as beverages, meat and other grilling-related items. In addition, Kingsford® charcoal was displayed in multiple locations, further increasing interaction with the product.

#### **Collaboration delivers strong results**

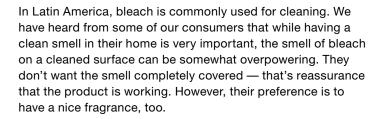
By all accounts, the collaboration has been a big success. In Clorox's fiscal year 2007, following implementation of the plan, the retailer's charcoal category sales grew nearly 7 percent, and its sales of Kingsford® grilling products increased 13 percent.



Tonight's GRILL NIGHT!

## Delight:

## Consumers seek the fresh scent of bleach



Clorox's International Research & Development (R&D) and Latin America Marketing teams took this challenge to find a better solution for the consumer. They also saw it as an opportunity to grow the bleach category by increasing usage among current consumers and attracting new ones. In countries like Colombia, for instance, almost 40 percent of consumers prefer products with a fragrance, even more than in the rest of Latin America. The teams leveraged this insight to attract these fragrance-seeking consumers to a product with a better scent at a premium price.

#### New approach to bleach fragrances makes better scents

The teams started with a deeper understanding of the consumer, particularly her bleach and fragrance preferences. Working with a U.S. R&D team, they first addressed scenting technology for bleach and landed on a technique that keeps the fragrance floating on the surface — so it's the first thing the consumer smells when opening the bottle. In fact, it's common for her to open a bottle and smell the fragrance when making a purchasing decision.

Furthermore, the teams found that by lowering the strength of the bleach without impacting efficacy, they were able to enhance the fragrance and gain consumer preference.



The teams also looked for ways to simplify the process of incorporating fragrances into bleach. Typically, a fragrance is made with anywhere from 20 to 100 ingredients. Their goal was to find a way to scent bleach using only a few ingredients and still deliver the fresh smell our consumer desires.

They considered various options and found some that associated well with freshness, cleaning and disinfection, including mint and eucalyptus. They created scented bleach versions using the natural oils as a single, stable ingredient — a new and unique approach for the market. The approach was first tested with mint oil, and in fiscal 2007, Latin America countries launched the new Clorox® and Ayudín® scented bleach product Aires de Bosque, based on eucalyptus oil.

#### New fragrances delight consumers

The innovation in fragrance technology and development delivered an improved process, lower cost and higher gross margin. The innovation resulted in a 6 percent increase in volume among scented bleaches in Latin America, far surpassing projections. It also helped Clorox maintain clear segment leadership, with 41 percent market share across Argentina, Colombia, Chile, Mexico and Puerto Rico.

These results were made possible through close collaboration between R&D and Marketing from day one. The teams worked together on the development of the new fragrances, along with conceptual work like product naming and package design. The process, new technology and single raw-material concept make up a fragrance development approach the team is already using for future innovation. New scented bleach candidates are slated for testing and introduction in fiscal 2008.



Blanqueador, solución de hipoclorito de sodio

### Product Supply and Demand:

# Clorox Product Supply enables success in Desire, Decide and Delight with Demand "D"

Success in the 3Ds depends on our ability to create and meet consumer demand – what some call the "4th D" – through top-tier supply chain performance. The 4,700 employees in our Product Supply organization are a vital link in making this happen. It's all about a shared commitment to excellence in the areas of safety, product quality, availability, cost management and enabling innovation. Introduced in early fiscal 2007, these focus areas are a set of performance measures used to gauge Product Supply's success against our strategies and competitors.

#### Safety is a core value

In fiscal 2007, Product Supply delivered its best safety performance in the company's history, with a 49 percent reduction over the previous year in accidents that must be reported to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Maintaining a safe and healthy work environment ensures a better quality of life for our employees, and allows us to focus more time and energy on business-building work.

Just ask our Kingsford® plant in Summer Shade, Ky. After a spate of incidents, the plant hired a safety and training coordinator and overhauled its safety program. The plant also created a symbolic "line in the sand" for safety. A logo was created to illustrate the commitment of each employee to safety when crossing the line into the plant to follow safety practices and look out for each other. "Most importantly, everyone on site has come to believe accidents are preventable," says Plant Manager Rob Service. "We all have personal daily examples of safety talks with coworkers, contractors and visitors, and are working hard to be an injury-free workplace."





#### Product quality drives consumer loyalty

The quality of our products and their appearance in the store play a vital role in creating long-term consumer loyalty for Clorox versus our competitors. We also reduce costs by minimizing product damages and other quality-related costs throughout our supply chain.

For example, in early 2006, Product Supply discovered that Glad® packages were getting damaged en route to stores. As a result, Glad invested in new equipment, shifting to sturdier pallets, resizing cartons for a better fit and using shrink-wrap to hold cartons in place. This investment led to a 34 percent reduction in damaged cartons and a net decrease in costs.

"We are guardian of the consumer. This is our rallying cry. We know we're successful when consumers get the best possible price for our product, when they can always find our product on the store shelf, and when our product consistently delivers the quality they expect and deserve."

Tim Bailey, Vice President – Product Supply

#### **Photos**

- 1. The Summer Shade, Ky., Kingsford® plant team celebrates one year injury-free with a barbecue dinner and a visit by the Kingsford NASCAR traveling show car. Other plants that achieved more than a year without an incident included: Cali, Colombia; Lima, Peru; Quilicura, Chile; San Jose, Costa Rica; Pilar and San Juan, Argentina; Wales, United Kingdom; Babelegi, South Africa; Auckland, New Zealand; Guangzhou, China; Atlanta, Ga.; Belle, Mo.; Brampton, Ontario; Burnside, Ky.; Cleveland and Painesville, Ohio; Houston, Texas; Los Angeles, Calif.; Orangeville, Ontario; Paulsboro, N.J.; Reno, Nev.; and Springfield, Ore.
- Employee Mary Wallace of our Glad® plant in Rogers, Ark., prepares a pallet for shipment to a retail customer. Implementing sturdier pallets has led to a 34 percent reduction in damaged cartons.
- Consistently ensuring product availability has contributed to recognition of Clorox by several key customers. In fiscal 2007, Clorox in Puerto Rico (pictured) received Wal-Mart's highest award for a vendor, General Merchandise Vendor of the Year — Gold.

#### Product availability is better than ever in 2007

We strive to get the right product in the right amount to the right place at the right time. When our products are in stock on store shelves, the consumer, the customer and Clorox all win. In fiscal year 2007, Product Supply drove the best performance in the company's history on product availability, as measured by accurately taking and filling orders, on-time delivery and payment by retailers within agreed-upon terms.

Case in point: Due to improved collaboration across Product Supply, the company correctly filled over 99.5 percent of cases ordered for 42 out of 52 weeks during the year, a significant improvement over fiscal 2006. The charcoal and laundry care teams achieved greater than 99.5 percent for all 52 weeks, and the Glad® team for 51 weeks. Consistently ensuring product availability has contributed to recognition of Clorox by several key customers. In fiscal 2007, Clorox in Puerto Rico received Wal-Mart's highest award for a vendor, General Merchandise Vendor of the Year — Gold. Clorox was also named vendor of the year by BJ's Wholesale Club, Advance Auto, O'Reilly's Auto Parts and the pet-care department at U.S. Wal-Mart stores.

"Clorox leaders must empower the people closest to the consumer. In the past, we delayed day-to-day decisions that impacted the consumer by relying too heavily on managers. Now we're making sure employees on the front line have the authority to take action. I'm very proud of the progress Product Supply has made in such a short time." Steve Lovejoy, Vice President – Product Supply, International

#### Cost management enables value creation

In fiscal 2007, the company achieved \$107 million in cost savings, more than two-thirds of which were generated by Product Supply. By creatively managing costs, we can create enough value in our supply chain to help offset inflation and drive down our cost of goods. Our Procurement team has been a leader in cost management for the company.

In fiscal 2007, Procurement exceeded its previous year's contribution by 50 percent. This was accomplished by enhancing the Source-to-Pay (S2P) process. S2P has expanded the scope of Procurement to include responsibility for global strategic sourcing. "We had a clear opportunity to take advantage of our size and scale, and leverage our spending across regions as well as business units," says Julia Brown, vice president – Global Strategic Sourcing. "Sourcing should create a competitive advantage. We're showing we can save the company money, create value and enable more investment in our brands."



#### New innovation team improves product launches

To effectively support the company's long-term growth, Product Supply partners closely with Research & Development to produce innovative products quickly at the lowest possible cost. In 2007, an Enabling Innovation team was formed to improve new product launches by bringing a production mindset to the earliest stages of design and development. Working with R&D and a contract manufacturer on a new auto-care product, the team recently identified issues that historically would have been discovered after the start of production. The team refined the design, generating \$700,000 in savings through the use of existing versus new equipment and resulting in a higher projected profit margin for the product.

# Clorox has 63 market-leading brands around the world.

#### Household Group — North America Category Leaders<sup>1</sup>

#### Home Care

No. 1 Clorox® bleach, U.S.

No. 1 Javex® bleach, Canada

No. 2 Clorox 2® color-safe bleach, U.S.

No. 1 Clorox® disinfecting wipes, U.S.

No. 1 Clorox® Clean-Up® bleach spray cleaner, U.S.

No. 1 Clorox® ToiletWand™ cleaner, U.S.

No. 2 Clorox® automatic toilet-bowl cleaner, U.S.

No. 2 Clorox® manual toilet-bowl cleaner, U.S.

No. 1 Tilex® mildew remover, U.S.

No. 1 Pine-Sol® dilutable cleaners, U.S.

No. 1 Liquid-Plumr® drain openers, U.S.

#### **Auto Care**

No. 1 Armor All® auto-appearance products, U.S.

No. 1 STP® oil and fuel additives, U.S.

#### Water Filtration

No. 1 Brita® pour-through systems & filters, U.S., Canada

No. 1 Brita® faucet-mount systems & filters, Canada

No. 2 Brita® faucet-mount systems & filters, U.S.

#### Specialty Group Category Leaders<sup>1</sup>

#### Bags, Wraps & Containers

No. 1 Glad® trash bags, U.S., Canada

No. 1 Glad® plastic wrap, U.S., Canada

No. 1 GladWare® food-storage containers, U.S.

#### Ranch Dressing, Sauces & Seasonings

No. 1 Hidden Valley® ranch salad dressing, U.S.

No. 1 Hidden Valley® dry dips, U.S.

#### Cat Litter

No. 2 Fresh Step® cat litter, U.S.

#### Charcoal

No. 1 Kingsford® charcoal, U.S.

No. 2 Kingsford® Match Light® charcoal, U.S.

No. 2 Kingsford® charcoal lighter fluid, U.S.

#### **International Category Leaders**<sup>2</sup>

#### Home Care

No. 1 Clorox<sup>®</sup> bleach, Hong Kong, Panama, Peru, Puerto Rico

No. 2 Clorox® bleach, Chile, Colombia, Mexico

No. 1 Ayudín® bleach, Argentina

No. 1 Clorinda® bleach, Chile

No. 1 Agua Jane® bleach, Uruguay

No. 2 Sello Rojo® bleach, Uruguay

No. 1 Nevex® bleach, Venezuela

No. 1 Ajax® bleach, Dominican Republic, Ecuador

No. 1 Los Conejos® bleach, Costa Rica

No. 1 Trenet® laundry additives, Argentina

No. 1 Handy Andy® cleaner, Australia, New Zealand

No. 1 Poett® cleaner, Chile, Peru

No. 2 Poett® cleaner, Argentina, Costa Rica, Uruguay

No. 1 Mistolín® cleaner, Panama, Venezuela

No. 2 Lestoil® cleaner, Puerto Rico

#### Bags & Wraps

No. 1 Glad® products, Hong Kong, Australia, New Zealand

#### Auto Care

No. 1 Armor All® auto-appearance products, Australia, New Zealand

No. 2 Armor All® auto-appearance products, Mexico

#### Scourers, Sponges & Wipes

No. 1 Chux® products, Australia

No. 2 Chux® products, New Zealand

No. 2 Bon Bril® cleaning utensils, Colombia

Sixty-three Clorox brands hold the No. 1 or No. 2 dollar market-share positions in their product categories and countries, as reported by the sources cited in the footnotes below

- IRI Infoscan data for grocery and drug retail outlets, Kmart and Target in the U.S. for the 52 weeks ended July 1, 2007. Nielsen MarketTrack data for grocery banner, drug and mass-merchandise retail outlets in Canada for the 52 weeks ended July 7, 2007.
- Nielsen (Hong Kong, New Zealand and all Latin America countries except Puerto Rico); IRI Infoscan (Puerto Rico); Aztec (Australia). Data is for the 52 weeks ended May 31, 2007 (Argentina, Mexico, Costa Rica, Panama); June 30, 2007 (Hong Kong, Australia, New Zealand, Chile, Colombia, Puerto Rico, Venezuela, Dominican Republic, Ecuador).

# We make everyday life better, every day.



#### **Specialty Group**





Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of The Clorox Company:

We have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of The Clorox Company at June 30, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2007 (not presented separately herein), and in our report dated August 23, 2007, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived. As discussed in the Notes to the consolidated financial statements (not presented separately herein), on June 30, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 158, *Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*, and changed its method of recognizing the funded status of its defined benefit postretirement plans. Also, effective July 1, 2005, the Company changed its method for accounting for share-based compensation to conform with SFAS No. 123(R), *Share-Based Payment*.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of The Clorox Company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2007, based on criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated August 23, 2007 (not presented separately herein), expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

San Francisco, California August 23, 2007

Ernet + Young LLP

#### **Stock Listing**

The New York Stock Exchange lists The Clorox Company's common stock, which is identified by the symbol CLX.

#### **Transfer Agent, Registrar and Dividend Disbursing Agent**

Inquiries relating to stockholder records, change of ownership, change of address and the Dividend Reinvestment/ Direct Stock Purchase Plan should be sent to:

Computershare P.O. Box 43069 Providence, RI 02940-3069 (800) 756-8200 or (781) 575-2726 TDD (800) 952-9245 for hearing impaired www.computershare.com

#### **Stockholder Information Service**

Shareholder.com offers the latest Clorox news. Stockholders can call (888) CLX-NYSE (259-6973) toll-free 24 hours a day to hear messages about Clorox, request company materials or get a 20-minute-delayed stock quote. For more information, visit www.shareholder.com.

#### **Dividend Reinvestment/Direct Stock Purchase Plan**

Clorox has authorized Computershare to offer a Dividend Reinvestment/Direct Stock Purchase Plan. Registered share-holders can purchase additional shares. Nonshareholders may join the plan with an initial investment, lump sum or bank debit. Most fees are paid by Clorox. For more information or plan materials, call (888) CLX-NYSE (259-6973) or contact Computershare (see above).

### Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Clorox management, under the supervision and with the participation of the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, has assessed the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2007, and concluded that it is effective. For more information, see Item 9.A. of the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

#### **2007 Financial Information**

The following pages of the Clorox 2007 Annual Report contain summary financial information. Full financial statements are provided in the company's 2007 proxy statement. Detailed financial information is available without charge through the following sources:

- > The company's proxy statement, which will be mailed to all stockholders, is available at www.TheCloroxCompany.com.
- > The company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, is available at www. TheCloroxCompany.com and through the SEC's EDGAR database. Printed copies are available by calling (888) CLX-NYSE (259-6973).

#### **CEO/CFO Certifications**

The most recent certifications by the company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer pursuant to Section 302 and 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are filed as exhibits to the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The company has also filed with the New York Stock Exchange the most recent annual CEO certification as required by Section 303A.12(a) of the New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Except for historical information, matters discussed in the annual report are forward-looking statements and are based on management's estimates, assumptions and projections. Actual results could vary materially. Please review the "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis" sections in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, and subsequent SEC filings, for factors that could affect the company's performance and cause results to differ materially from management's expectations. The information in this report reflected management's estimates, assumptions and projections as of Aug. 24, 2007. Clorox has not made updates since then and makes no representation, express or implied, that the information is still current or complete. The company is under no obligation to update any part of this document.

#### 18 **The Clorox Company**

#### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

Years ended June 30 (dollars in millions, except share amounts)		200	7		2006		2005	
Net sales Cost of products sold		\$ 4,84 2,75		\$	4,644 2,685	\$	4,388 2,493	
Gross profit Selling and administrative expenses		2,09 64:	2		1,959 631		1,895 551	
Advertising costs Research and development costs		47- 10			450 99		435 88	
Restructuring and asset impairment costs		13			1		36	
Interest expense		11:			127		79	
Other (income) expense:								
Equity earnings and gain on exchange of Henkel Iberica, S.A.			-		-		(25)	
Other, net	_	(:	2)		(2)		2	
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes		74	3		653		729	
Income taxes on continuing operations		24	7		210		214	
Reversal of deferred taxes from equity investment in Henkel Iberica, S.A.	_		-		-		(2)	
Earnings from continuing operations	_	49	6		443		517	
Discontinued operations:								
Gain on exchange			-		-		550	
Earnings from exchanged businesses			-		1		37	
Reversal of deferred taxes from exchanged businesses			-		-		6	
Income tax benefit (expense) on discontinued operations	_	,	5		-		(14)	
Earnings from discontinued operations			5		1		579	
Net earnings	=	\$ 50	1	\$	444	\$	1,096	
Earnings per common share Basic								
Continuing operations		\$ 3.2	8	\$	2.94	\$	2.92	
Discontinued operations		0.0		Ψ	0.01	Ψ	3.28	
Basic net earnings per common share		\$ 3.3		\$	2.95	\$		
Diluted								
Continuing operations		\$ 3.2	3	\$	2.89	\$	2.88	
Discontinued operations		0.0		•	0.01	Ť	3.23	
Diluted net earnings per common share		\$ 3.2		\$	2.90	\$	6.11	
Weighted average common shares outstanding (in thousands)								
Basic		151,44	5	1	150,545		176,586	
Diluted		153,93			153,001		179,176	

#### Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

Second   S	As of June 30 (dollars in millions, except share amounts)	2007	2006
Current assets   State   Sta	Accete		
Cach and cach equivalents			
Receivables, net		¢ 192	¢ 102
Inventiones, net			
State   Communication   Comm			
Total current assets   1,032   1,007			
Property, plant and equipment, net         976         1,004           Goodwill         855         744           Trademarks and other intangible assets, net         613         604           Other assets         190         257           Total assets         \$3,666         \$3,616           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)         Current liabilities         Notes and loans payable         \$74         \$156           Current maturities of long-term debt         500         152           Accounts payable         \$74         \$156           Current liabilities         507         474           Income taxes payable         1,427         1,130           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,427         1,136           Compose taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         481         397	Other current assets	- 01	00
Coodwill   September   Septe	Total current assets	1,032	1,007
Trademarks and other intangible assets, net         613         604           Other assets         190         257           Total assets         \$ 3,666         \$ 3,616           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)           Current liabilities           Notes and loans payable         \$ 74         \$ 156           Current maturities of long-term debt         500         152           Accrued liabilities         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         159         250           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         387           Retained parting         481         387           Teasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.	Property, plant and equipment, net	976	1,004
Other assets         \$ 3,666         \$ 3,616           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)           Current liabilities           Notes and loans payable         \$ 74         \$ 1.56           Current maturities of long-term debt         500         1.52           Accounts payable         329         329           Accounts payable         507         474           Income taxes payable         1,7         1.9           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Stockholders' equity (deficit)           Common stock: \$1,00 par value: 750,000,000 shares authorized: 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         481         397           Retained earnings         159         250           Additional paid-in- capital in capital in capital in capital in capital in capital in	Goodwill	855	744
Other assets         \$ 3,666         \$ 3,616           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)           Current liabilities           Notes and loans payable         \$ 74         \$ 1.56           Current maturities of long-term debt         500         1.52           Accounts payable         329         329           Accounts payable         507         474           Income taxes payable         1,7         1.9           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Stockholders' equity (deficit)           Common stock: \$1,00 par value: 750,000,000 shares authorized: 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         481         397           Retained earnings         159         250           Additional paid-in- capital in capital in capital in capital in capital in capital in	Tradamarks and other intendible assets net	613	604
Total assets   \$ 3,666   \$ 3,616			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	Other assets	190	257
Current liabilities         \$ 74         \$ 156           Notes and loans payable         500         152           Current maturities of long-term debt         329         329           Accounts payable         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         3,495         3,772           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         500         500         500           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         (445)           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)	Total assets	\$ 3,666	\$ 3,616
Current liabilities         \$ 74         \$ 156           Notes and loans payable         500         152           Current maturities of long-term debt         329         329           Accounts payable         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         3,495         3,772           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         500         500         500           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         (445)           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Notes and loans payable         \$ 74         \$ 156           Current maturities of long-term debt         500         152           Accounts payable         329         329           Accrued liabilities         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         50         50           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         4(45)           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)         (215           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         171         (156			
Current maturities of long-term debt         500         152           Accounts payable         329         329           Accrued liabilities         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         3         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         50         50         3,495         3,772           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397           Retained earnings         185         3,939           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         (4,527           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)         (215		\$ 74	\$ 156
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities 1,427 Income taxes payable 17 Total current liabilities 1,427 Ingometer debt 1,462 Ingometer debt			
Accrued liabilities         507         474           Income taxes payable         17         19           Total current liabilities         1,427         1,130           Long-term debt         1,462         1,966           Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies         3,495         3,772           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397         185         3,939           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         (4,527           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)         (215           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         171         (156			
Total current liabilities			
Total current liabilities 1,427 1,130  Long-term debt 1,462 1,966  Other liabilities 516 547  Deferred income taxes 90 129  Total liabilities 3,495 3,772  Commitments and contingencies  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. 481 397  Retained earnings 185 3,939  Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. (445) (4,527 Accumulated other comprehensive net losses (209) (215)  Stockholders' equity (deficit) 171 (156)			
Long-term debt       1,462       1,966         Other liabilities       516       547         Deferred income taxes       90       129         Total liabilities       3,495       3,772         Commitments and contingencies       Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       159       250         Additional paid-in capital       481       397         Retained earnings       185       3,939         Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       (445)       (4,527         Accumulated other comprehensive net losses       (209)       (215         Stockholders' equity (deficit)       171       (156			
Other liabilities         516         547           Deferred income taxes         90         129           Total liabilities         3,495         3,772           Commitments and contingencies           Stockholders' equity (deficit)           Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         159         250           Additional paid-in capital         481         397           Retained earnings         185         3,939           Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.         (445)         (4,527)           Accumulated other comprehensive net losses         (209)         (215)           Stockholders' equity (deficit)         171         (156)	lotal current liabilities	1,427	1,130
Deferred income taxes   90   129	Long-term debt	1,462	1,966
Total liabilities 3,495 3,772  Commitments and contingencies  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Additional paid-in capital 481 397  Retained earnings 185 3,939  Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. (445) (4,527 Accumulated other comprehensive net losses (209) (215 Stockholders' equity (deficit)	Other liabilities	516	547
Commitments and contingencies         Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       159       250         Additional paid-in capital       481       397         Retained earnings       185       3,939         Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       (445)       (4,527         Accumulated other comprehensive net losses       (209)       (215         Stockholders' equity (deficit)       171       (156	Deferred income taxes	90	129
Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       159       250         Additional paid-in capital       481       397         Retained earnings       185       3,939         Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       (445)       (4,527         Accumulated other comprehensive net losses       (209)       (215         Stockholders' equity (deficit)       171       (156	Total liabilities	3,495	3,772
Stockholders' equity (deficit)         Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       159       250         Additional paid-in capital       481       397         Retained earnings       185       3,939         Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       (445)       (4,527         Accumulated other comprehensive net losses       (209)       (215         Stockholders' equity (deficit)       171       (156	Commitments and contingencies		
Common stock: \$1.00 par value; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 158,741,461 and 249,826,934 shares issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       159       250         Additional paid-in capital       481       397         Retained earnings       185       3,939         Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.       (445)       (4,527         Accumulated other comprehensive net losses       (209)       (215         Stockholders' equity (deficit)       171       (156			
issued at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively; and 151,256,460 and 151,298,366 shares outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Additional paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Accumulated other comprehensive net losses  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  159 250 481 397 185 3,939 (445) (445) (4,527 402) (209) (215			
at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Additional paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Accumulated other comprehensive net losses  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  159 250 481 397 185 3,939 (445) (445) (4,527 (209) (215)			
Additional paid-in capital  Retained earnings  Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Accumulated other comprehensive net losses  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  481 397 185 3,939 (445) (445) (209) (215			
Retained earnings Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Accumulated other comprehensive net losses  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  185 3,939 (445) (445) (209) (215			
Treasury shares, at cost: 7,485,001 and 98,528,568 shares at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.  Accumulated other comprehensive net losses  Stockholders' equity (deficit)  (445) (4,527) (209) (215)			
Accumulated other comprehensive net losses (209) (215 Stockholders' equity (deficit) 171 (156	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Stockholders' equity (deficit) 171 (156			
	Accumulated other comprehensive net losses	(209)	(215
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit) \$ 3,666 \$ 3,616	Stockholders' equity (deficit)	171	(156
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$ 3,666	\$ 3,616

#### 20 The Clorox Company

#### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

Dollars in millions, except share amounts	Commor Shares (000)	Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Shares (000)	Shares Amount	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Net (Losses) Gains	Unearned Compensation	Total	Tot: Comprehensiv Incom
Balance at June 30, 2004 Comprehensive income Net earnings Share Exchange with Henkel KGaA	249,827	\$250	\$301	\$ 2,846 1,096	(36,838)	\$(1,570) (2,843)	\$(274)	\$(13)	\$ 1,540 1,096 (2,843)	\$1,09
Translation adjustments resulting from the Henkel KGaA exchange,										
net of tax of \$(10)  Other translation adjustments,							21		21	2
net of tax of \$(2)							29		29	2
Change in valuation of derivatives, net of tax of \$(3)							6		6	
Minimum pension liability adjustments, net of tax							(118)		(118)	(11
Total comprehensive income										\$1,03
Dividends Employee stock plans			27	(243) (15)	2,831	110		(3)	(243) 119	
Treasury stock purchased					(2,750)	(160)			(160)	
Balance at June 30, 2005 Comprehensive income	249,827	250	328	3,684	(98,144)	(4,463)	(336)	(16)	(553)	
Net earnings Translation adjustments,				444					444	\$ 44
net of tax of \$(0) Change in valuation of derivatives,							2		2	
net of tax of \$(1) Minimum pension liability							1		1	
adjustments, net of tax							118		118	11
Total comprehensive income										\$ 56
Dividends Employee stock plans Reclassification upon adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting			85	(174) (15)	2,015	71			(174) 141	
Standards (SFAS) No. 123-R Treasury stock purchased			(16)		(2,400)	(135)		16	(135)	
Balance at June 30, 2006	249,827	250	397	3,939	(98,529)	(4,527)	(215)	-	(156)	
Comprehensive income  Net earnings				501					501	\$ 50
Translation adjustments, net of tax of \$3							47		47	4
Change in valuation of derivatives, net of tax of \$1							(3)		(3)	(
Minimum pension liability adjustments, net of tax							1		1	
Total comprehensive income										\$ 54
Adjustment to initially apply							(0.0)		(0.5)	
SFAS No. 158, net of tax Dividends				(200)			(39)		(39) (200)	
Employee stock plans Treasury stock purchased			84	(9)	2,358 (2,400)	100 (155)			175 (155)	
Treasury stock retirement	(91,086)	(91)		(4,046)	91,086	4,137			-	
Balance at June 30, 2007	158,741	\$159	\$481	\$ 185	(7,485)	\$ (445)	\$(209)	\$ -	\$ 171	

#### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		2007		2006		2005
Operating activities:						
	\$	E01	\$	111	ф	1 006
Net earnings	Ф	501	Ф	444	\$	1,096
Deduct: Earnings from discontinued operations		5		1		579
Earnings from continuing operations		496		443		517
Adjustments to reconcile earnings from continuing operations						
to net cash provided by continuing operations:						
Depreciation and amortization		192		188		183
Share-based compensation		49		77		11
·						
Deferred income taxes		(15)		(28)		(45)
Restructuring and asset impairment activities		13		-		38
Gain on exchange of Henkel Iberica, S.A.		-		-		(20)
Other		17		44		41
Changes in:						
Receivables, net		(15)		(29)		33
		. ,				
Inventories, net		(8)		26		(17)
Other current assets		13		(11)		5
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(30)		(50)		54
Income taxes payable		7		15		22
Settlement of income tax contingencies				(151)		(94)
g .				, ,		(94)
Pension contributions to qualified plans		(10)		(10)		
Net cash provided by continuing operations		709		514		728
Net cash provided by discontinued operations		-		8		37
Net cash provided by operations		709		522		765
Investing activities:						
Capital expenditures		(147)		(180)		(151)
				, ,		(151)
Businesses acquired		(123)		(16)		=
Proceeds from termination of investment in life insurance contract		-		41		-
Other		2		(6)		(3)
Net cash used for investing activities		(268)		(161)		(154)
G		,		, ,		,
Financing activities:						
		(0.7)		(00.4)		00
Notes and loans payable, net		(87)		(204)		68
Long-term debt borrowings		-		-		1,635
Long-term debt repayments		(150)		(29)		-
Proceeds from option exercise pursuant to Venture Agreement		-		-		133
Treasury stock acquired from related party, Henkel KGaA		_		_		(2,119)
Treasury stock purchased from non-affiliates		(155)		(135)		(160)
		, ,		, ,		
Cash dividends paid		(183)		(173)		(201)
Issuance of common stock for employee stock plans and other		119		79		92
Net cash used for financing activities		(456)		(462)		(552)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		5		-		2
				,		
NI I/I NI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		(10)		(101)		61
				293		232
		192		293		
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year	\$		\$		\$	293
Cash and cash equivalents:	\$	192 182	\$	192	\$	293
End of year	\$		\$		\$	293
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:	\$		\$		\$	293
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:		182		192		
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:	\$		\$		\$	293 81
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:		182		192		
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest Income taxes, net of refunds	\$	182	\$	192	\$	81
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:  Dividends declared and accrued but not paid	\$	182	\$	192	\$	81
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:  Dividends declared and accrued but not paid Share Exchange Agreement	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:  Dividends declared and accrued but not paid	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:  Dividends declared and accrued but not paid Share Exchange Agreement	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for: Interest Income taxes, net of refunds Non-cash investing and financing activities: Dividends declared and accrued but not paid Share Exchange Agreement As part of the fiscal year 2005 Share Exchange Agreement, the Company obtained 61,386,509 shares of its common stock	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of year  End of year  Supplemental cash flow information:  Cash paid for:  Interest  Income taxes, net of refunds  Non-cash investing and financing activities:  Dividends declared and accrued but not paid Share Exchange Agreement As part of the fiscal year 2005 Share Exchange Agreement,	\$	182 117 272	\$	192 132 373	\$	81 335

#### **Board of Directors**

(as of Sept. 1, 2007)



Donald Knauss (3) Chairman & Chief Executive Officer



Gary Michael (1, 3, 5)
Presiding Director
Retired Chairman of the Board &
Chief Executive Officer
Albertson's, Inc.



Daniel Boggan, Jr. (3, 4, 5) Retired Senior Vice President National Collegiate Athletic Association



Richard Carmona, M.D., M.P.H., F.A.C.S. <sup>(4)</sup> Vice Chairman Canyon Ranch



Tully Friedman (2, 3, 4) Chairman & Chief Executive Officer Friedman Fleischer & Lowe, LLC



George Harad <sup>(2, 4)</sup> Retired Executive Chairman of the Board OfficeMax Incorporated



Robert Matschullat (1, 3, 4) Retired Vice Chairman & Chief Financial Officer The Seagram Company, Ltd.



Edward Mueller <sup>(1)</sup> Chairman & Chief Executive Officer Qwest Communications International Inc.



Jan Murley <sup>(1, 5)</sup> Consultant Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co.



Michael Shannon (1, 2, 3) President MEShannon & Associates, Inc.



Pamela Thomas-Graham <sup>(4)</sup> Senior Vice President, Global Brand Development Liz Claiborne, Inc.



Carolyn Ticknor (2, 5)
Retired President – Imaging &
Printing Business
Hewlett-Packard Company

#### **Board Committees**

- 1 Audit (Robert Matschullat, Chair)
- 2 Management Development & Compensation (Michael Shannon, Chair)
- 3 Executive (Donald Knauss, Chair)
- 4 Finance (Tully Friedman, Chair)
- 5 Nominating & Governance (Daniel Boggan, Jr., Chair)

#### Clorox Executive Committee

(as of Sept. 1, 2007)

Don Knauss Chairman & CEO

Larry Peiros
Executive Vice President &
Chief Operating Officer –
Clorox North America

Beth Springer Executive Vice President – Strategy & Growth

Frank Tataseo Executive Vice President – Functional Operations Warwick Every-Burns Senior Vice President – International

Dan Heinrich Senior Vice President – Chief Financial Officer

Jackie Kane Senior Vice President – Human Resources & Corporate Affairs

Laura Stein Senior Vice President – General Counsel



Clorox Executive Committee: (Front from left) Dan Heinrich, Warwick Every-Burns, Laura Stein. (Back from left) Don Knauss, Jackie Kane, Larry Peiros, Beth Springer, Frank Tataseo.

#### 24 The Clorox Company

#### Clorox Leadership Committee

(as of Sept. 1, 2007)

All positions on Clorox Executive Committee, plus:

#### Tarang Amin

Vice President - Global Health & Wellness

#### Tim Bailey

Vice President - Product Supply

#### Tom Britanik

Vice President - General Manager, U.S. Auto Care & Brita

#### Wayne Delker

Vice President - Global Research & Development

#### Benno Dorer

Vice President - General Manager, Glad & Cat Litter Products

#### Robin Evitts

Vice President - Chief Information Officer

#### Derek Gordon

Vice President - Marketing

#### John Hommeyer

Vice President - Growth

#### Tom Johnson

Vice President - Controller & Chief Accounting Officer

#### Grant LaMontagne

Vice President - Sales

#### Steve Robb

Vice President - Financial Planning & Analysis

#### George Roeth

Vice President - General Manager, Food, Charcoal, U.S. Auto & Brita

#### Glenn Savage

Vice President – General Manager, Laundry, Home Care & Professional Products

#### Keith Tandowsky

Vice President - Internal Audit

#### The Clorox Company



1221 Broadway Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 271-7000 www.TheCloroxCompany.com

Para visión este informe en español, visite: http://investors.TheCloroxCompany.com